

RUSSIANS CAPTURE 1,030 PRISONERS IN JAKOBENI BATTLE

By Bayonet Charge, Carry
Opponents' First Line
In Brzezany Area

SMASH TURKS UP

Repel 'Raging Attacks,'
Explode Six Mines And
Demolish Trenches

OTTOMANS RETIRE

Berlin tells of Ally Beat-
ing off Russian Assaults
On Zlota Lipa

(Reuter's Agency War Service)
London, January 29.—(By wireless).
A Russian official communiqué re-
ports: We took 1,030 prisoners, on
Saturday, in the battle north-east of
Jakoben.

We attacked with the bayonet,
south-west of Potutory, southward of
Brzezany and took the enemy's first
line. We repelled raging Turkish
counter-attacks, exploded six Turkish
mine-galleries, demolished the trenches
and withdrew. The Turks attacked
twice and were driven back.

A German official communiqué re-
ports: The Turks repulsed strong
Russian attacks in the region of the
Zlota Lipa.

LAURENTIC MET FATE OFF THE IRISH COAST

Berlin Reports Transport, Full
Of Troops, Sunk 250
Miles Off Malta

(Reuter's Agency War Service)
London, January 29.—Official.—The
auxiliary-cruiser *Laurentic* was sunk
off the Irish coast. No further details
have been issued.

A deputation from the Navy League
has appealed to Sir Edward Carson,
First Lord of the Admiralty, for
vigorous measures against subma-
rines. Sir Edward Carson and
Admiral Sir John Jellicoe described
the measures which had been taken
and the deputation expressed their
warm appreciation and satisfaction
that everything conceivable has been
done to safeguard merchant-ships.

Paris, January 29.—Admiral Corbi,
returning to Italy, said that he was
extremely satisfied with the results
of the naval conference in London.
He declared that very vigorous
measures against submarines were
decided on.

Berlin, January 29.—An official com-
municate reports: One of our subma-
rines sank in ten minutes, on
January 25, an armed enemy trans-
port, full of troops, which was steering
eastward, 250 miles east of Malta,
accompanied by a French torpedo-
boat.

German Squadron Searches Vainly Again for Battle!

(Ostasiatische Lloyd War Service)
Berlin, January 26.—The Admi-
rality reports: During the night
from January 25 to 26, German
light sea forces advanced into the
English waters south of Lowestoft,
in order to attack the hostile patrol
boats and outposts, which had pre-
viously been reported. During the
whole raid, not a single hostile vessel
was sighted.

The fortified locality southward
was illuminated at short distances by
rockets and was shelled by our
torpedo-boats. Hits were observed.
Our sea forces, which also during
the way back did not meet the ad-
versary, returned safely.

BROOKLYN AT PRACTICE

CHINA PRESS' OWN SERVICE
Manila, January 29.—The U. S. S.
Brooklyn will fire night torpedo de-
fence practice on February 2.

English Woman Army Aviator Visiting in U.S.



New York, December 21.—Miss D.
F. Brown, member of a prominent
English family, is here today on a
visit, after exciting experiences in
France, where she earned the honor
of being the only woman who ever
flew over the battle lines as a full-
fledged member of the British Royal
Flying Corps.

Mr. Pearce is Again Returned at Top In Municipal Election

Eight Old Councillors Nomi-
nated Are Re-appointed,
With Mr. E. White

Shanghai ratepayers, on Monday
and yesterday, gave their approval
to the work of the old Municipal
Council members by re-electing for
the present year the eight former
representatives who came forward,
together with Mr. E. White for the
vacancy caused by the retirement of
Mr. Gordon Mackie. Messrs. H. H.
Girardet and R. McE. Dalgliesh were
the unsuccessful candidates.

The polling was very light this
year and there was very little in-
terest shown in the election, only 991
votes in all being recorded. The re-
sult was not known until after eight
o'clock last night, when, on its re-
ceipt, satisfaction was general that
the ratepayers had once more shown
their loyalty to the Council.

The voting was as follows:—

Elected	Votes
E. C. Pearce	860
Baron Fujimura	787
J. Johnstone	747
E. C. Richards	731
E. I. Ezra	692
Count Jerski	690
W. L. Merriman	687
A. S. P. White-Cooper	650
E. White	550

Not Elected

H. H. Girardet 349
R. McE. Dalgliesh 295
Messrs. C. W. Wrightson and C.
Holliday acted as scrutineers.

Sixteen irregular votes were cast.

Britishers of 18 to 60 For War Employment

To Replace Combed-Out Men In
Essential Industries; Wo-
men Urgently Needed

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, January 28.—A forecast
of Mr. Neville Chamberlain's scheme
for national civilian service, which
has been published, says that it ap-
plies to men between the ages of
18 and 60 and not to women. The
object of the scheme is to replace
the men combed out in munition
factories, galleries, ship-building,
transport-work and agriculture.

Meetings will be held to stimulate
enrolment and the local authorities
have been asked to start recruiting
rallies. There are to be seven re-
cruiting areas, each presided over
by a commissioner. At present, no
provision has been made for men
giving part of their time.

The National Service Directorate
announces that the forecast is mis-
leading as regards women. Their
services are urgently wanted and a
scheme of enrolment is being pre-
pared for them.

End of War Augurs Second Coming of Christ to Earth, Declares Edward S. Little

Says Belief Is Founded on Chronological Sequence In
Fulfilled Prophecies of Old and New Testaments

If it can be proved that history has
verified in regular chronological
order the prophecies of Daniel and
those in the Revelations of St. John
the Divine and that these same pro-
phesies foretold the coming of the
present war to the very period of its
opening, is it not reasonable to ex-
pect the fulfilment of the last of
these prophetic utterances which has
to do with the end of the war, the
second coming of Christ and the
commencing stages of the regenera-
tion of the world?

Such was the question which Mr.
E. S. Little put squarely before up-
wards of 100 persons assembled at
the home of Dr. and Mrs. J. B.
Fearn, 30 Route Pichon, at a recent
lecture, which was given by special
request. That he presented it well
was shown by the rapt attention with
which the assemblage of men and
women of many Christian denomina-
tions heard the speaker trace the
rise and fall of empires and king-
doms, principalities and powers
through the 25 centuries since
Daniel had his first vision.

The lecture was illustrated by
many charts and maps, and pictures
setting forth the essential form of
the various empires mentioned in the
prophecies. These added much to
the facility with which the audience
followed the intricacies of the pro-
phesies, some of which, the lecturer
pointed out, overlapped or referred
to closely related periods of time.

At the outset, Mr. Little declared
that many of the past interpretations
of the prophetic utterances found in
Daniel and Revelations were totally
beside the mark, since the events in
them were presumed to be yet to
come, whereas they clearly had al-
ready been accomplished. He stated
emphatically that the falling of
stars, moving of mountains and
other similar portents referred not to
heavenly bodies or inanimate things
but to rulers of the earth and their
kingdoms and that for the most part
they already had been fulfilled in
history. He also urged upon his
hearers that the prophecies, under
his interpretation, did not refer to a
second coming of Christ as an idea
but as an actual Being who was to
regenerate the world by His rule.

He made clear that, as Christ had
once appeared in physical form on
the earth, He would come in a similar
manner again and that probably He
would so come in the near future.

Submarine Campaign Is Designed to Snatch An 11th-Hour Victory

Inspired British Article Says It
Can And Will Be Smashed
In Six Months

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, January 28.—The Observer,
in an apparently inspired article, says
that the Germans hope to snatch a
triumph at the eleventh hour, by
cutting Great Britain's communica-
tions by sea.

"If we smash this new submarine
campaign directly, or out-build it in
our yards, or out-stay it by reducing
our imports and increasing home sup-
plies, or achieve a final and decisive
success by all these means together,
we destroy the last hope of the Ger-
mans and ensure victory for the Allies.
We can and will do it, but only by a
maximum national effort during the
next six months."

PRESIDENT WILSON

Calls for a World-Democracy to Insure Permanent
Peace! For his Full Address to The United States
Senate, See Editorial Page in Today's China Press.

In his opinion the difference between
"material" and "spiritual" was one
of degree only and not of kind for
both were but varied manifestations
of "force" or "energy." Christ laid
down a physical body and took it
again, with the limitations removed,
within 72 hours. The fundamental
difference between the two states
was that after the Resurrection
there was complete control over
Matter by Mind, which does not
exist, except to a rudimentary de-
gree, in the present state of human
mentality. This resurrected per-
sonal Christ is to come again just as
really and individually as on the first
occasion to carry on to completion
the work which admittedly is now
but most imperfectly accomplished.

The first prophecy taken up in
detail was that vision which Daniel
interpreted to Nebuchadnezzar of the
image with head of gold and feet of
iron and clay. The Babylonian,
Medo-Persian, Grecian and Roman
eras, the lecturer said, were clearly
outlined and their rise and fall
according to history were clearly
and chronologically in keeping with
the prophecy. The first and second
visions of the four beasts, the last
of which devoured the whole earth
and which had ten horns (one of them
later devouring three) were declared
to reveal the Pagan and Papal stages
of the Roman Empire, which was
now approaching finality.

Other prophecies were taken up in
detail and shown to be fulfilled in
detail, a mass of dates and historical
events being adduced to prove the
lecturer's contention that prophecy
and history could be set down in
perfect agreement. The prophecies
were thus an outline given in advance,
and veiled in many weird symbols, of the
course of human history as it had
affected Christ and the Church for
2,500 years until the consummation
of the age which was to occur at the
approaching return of the Christ.

The lecturer showed that the old
ideas of the end of the world had no
foundation in Scripture or science
and that the coming of the Christ
was but the inauguration, under His
rule, of a new era in human affairs
which would, by a gradual evolution,
lead on to the golden age of man's
perfection on earth. The present
war, which had long been foreseen,
was shown to be the War of Armageddon
and the last of a long
series of disasters which in its final
(Continued on Page 2)

Charge Seattle Mayor And Chief of Police As Liquor Smugglers

Many Other Prominent Resi-
dents Are Indicted by Fed-
eral Grand Jury

CHINA PRESS' OWN SERVICE

New York, January 29.—Mayor
Gil, of Seattle, the Chief of Police
and other prominent residents of the
city have been indicted by the
Federal Grand Jury on a charge of
trying to smuggle intoxicating liquor
into Seattle.

CANADA'S WAR FINANCE

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Ottawa, January 29.—Sir Robert
Borden has explained that a large
proportion of the proposed war ap-
propriation of \$100,000,000 will be
advanced to Great Britain for the
purpose of financing British purchases
of war material in Canada, towards
which the Dominion has already ad-
vanced \$50,000,000.

Madrid Social Center of Europe



QUEEN OF SPAIN.

London, Dec. 21.—The Spanish
capital, Madrid, is now the social
center of Europe. Social activities
in other capitals have necessarily
been restricted or dropped practi-
cally altogether, because of the war.
In Spain, however, many persons
socially prominent in belligerent
countries feel that they may take
part in social events which at home
would be frowned upon. San Sebas-
tian, the Spanish watering place, is
crowded with French, British and
Russians. The Queen of Spain,
formerly the Princess Victoria of
Battenberg, is almost constantly
hostess to many of the nobility of
the fighting nations of both sides.

PLOT AGAINST SPANISH KING'S LIFE MISCARRIES

Timely Discovery Of Obstruc-
tion On Railway Track;
Suspect Anarchists

Reuter's Service

Madrid, January 28.—A beam was
found across the railway track near
Granada just before the passage of a
train conveying King Alfonso. It was
removed in time.

The obstruction was a mass of lead,
weighing a hundredweight, which was
placed on the railway track near
Granada. It was discovered an hour
before the passage of the Royal train.

A similar lump was found close to
the vicinity. A man has been arrested
in Granada and several other arrests
are expected. The authorities are
actively investigating what they
believe to be an Anarchist plot.

The arrested man is a native of
Barcelona, named Duran. A Portu-
guese has also been arrested, but is
believed to be innocent.

It is reported that an infernal
machine, capable of blowing up the
train, has been discovered at Bilbao.

Mail Notices

MAILS CLOSE

For Japan:—
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Chikuzen M. Jan. 31
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Y'shiro M. Feb. 3
Per C.M. s.s. China Feb. 6
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Omi Maru Feb. 6
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Santo M. Feb. 10
For U.S., Canada, and Europe:—
Per T.K.K. s.s. Persia M. Feb. 3
Per C.M. s.s. China Feb. 6
Per C.P.O.S. s.s. Montevideo Feb. 7
Per T.K.K. s.s. Korea M. Feb. 13
Per R.M.S. Emp. of Asia Feb. 18
For Europe:—
Per M.M. s.s. Porthos Feb. 2
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Atsuta M. Feb. 11
Per M.M. s.s. Cordillere Feb. 23
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Hitachi M. Feb. 25

Mails to Arrive:—

The American mail is due here
on or about today, per N.Y.K. s.s.
Sado Maru.

The French mail of Dec. 24 was
due at Hongkong yesterday, and
here on Feb. 3. Left Haiphong on
January 28, per M.M. s.s. Cordillere.

MORE REASONABLE PEACE PROPOSALS EXPECTED SHORTLY

London I earns Foes Refuse
To Consider Doors Are
Definitely Closed

'DESPERATE CASE'

'Pressed by Extremity,' Cen-
tral Powers May Make
Another Effort

WOULD BE 'TIMELY'

Anguish and Extreme Mis-
ery Reported as General
On Continent

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, January 29.—Last week
opened with a sensational speech
from President Wilson, on which the
Press comments that the noblest
aims are marred in expression by
the continued apparent inability to
comprehend the vital difference of
the causes for which the Allies and
the Germanic Powers are fighting.
Accordingly, while in Germany Pres-
ident Wilson's speech has been
received with modified satisfaction,
the other Powers consider it with
respectful regret.

In Britain, Mr. Bonar Law's speech
gave an immediate reply to that
made by President Wilson and is
accepted universally as conclusive
in substance and sympathetic in tone.
In fact, rumor maintains that the
Central Powers, who are in desperate
straits for means of livelihood, are
now so pressed by extremity that
they decline to consider the doors of
peace closed, and may soon make
fresh and more reasonable proposals.
These will not be untimely, for the
anguish of the Germanic peoples is
only exceeded by the extreme misery
of the races they have enslaved, who
now fare worse than ever before in
livelihood and treatment, till even
the Holy See abandons its reserve in
face of these unheard-of barbarities.

The working classes of Britain,
however, are in a very different
frame of mind and, at a recent Labor
Congress, the policy of persevering
with the war was clamorously
endorsed by a gigantic majority of
votes.

Vice-President Urges Government Purchase Of Shanghai's Opium

Reuter's Pacific Service in The China Press

Peking, January 30.—The report
that Vice-President Feng Kuo-
chang has telegraphed to the Gov-
ernment, suggesting that the latter
should purchase the unsold opium
stocks remaining in Shanghai, has
attracted considerable attention. The
International Reform Bureau has cir-
cularized the Tschuns and Govern-
ors of the Provinces, explaining the
situation and earnestly requesting
them to urge the Government not
to purchase these stocks.

FATAL MUTINY IN FUKIEN

A Foochow telegram to the Sin
Wan Pao reports that the northern
troops stationed at Chuanchowfu,
Fukien, mutinied on January 29.
One soldier and 30 civilians were
killed and many others wounded.
The situation, now, however, is quiet.

U-BOAT FOUNDERS

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Christiania, January 28.—A Nor-
wegian motor-boat has landed at
Hammerfest thirty-four men, being
the crew of a German submarine
which has foundered off the coast of
Norway.

The Weather

Cloudy, but rather fine weather.
The maximum temperature recorded
yesterday was 48.2 and the minimum
22.1, the figures for the corresponding
day last year being respectively 52.5
and 23.9.

MEAT CHOPPER USED IN GHASTLY MURDER

Chinese Mother and Son Slain
In Bed, With Robbery
As Motive

Tragedy, swift and doublefold, descended on a Chinese family yesterday morning when a mother and son were murdered in their home at an early hour by a gang of ruffians.

The house in question is situated in the Paoyuefong alleyway, Chengtu Road, near Wenhaiwei Road. The first victim of a terrible assault was the son of the house, Que Yenshen (23) who was a returned student from England. Deceased was living on the premises with his mother, sister and servants, the lower part of the house being sub-let to another tenant.

The tragedy took place shortly after midnight, or so it is judged. The first alarm was received by the young man's mother who was awakened by strange noises in her son's apartments. She got up and proceeded to make enquiries but when she reached his bedroom she was attacked and killed by the gang. It appears that her son was murdered in his sleep. A big meat chopper was the fearful weapon the gang had employed for their frightful work and the unfortunate man had had no chance of saving himself. Bloodstains were found on the bedding and also on the mosquito curtain but there had been no time for the sleeper to get up from bed for otherwise the room was not much disturbed.

The full circumstances of the double murder are not yet known but the police are now investigating the matter. It is understood that at China New Year time a temporary change was made, the servant usually employed—an old maid-servant—being given help. A man servant was secured and with him came a young boy, said to be his son, 11 or 12 years old.

The daughter of the house, Miss Que Ping-su, a student of St. Mary's Hall, Jessfield, was awakened to the sad news early in the morning when a maid-servant, employed in the lower part of the house, found the two bodies in the son's room. It is reported that several men were stopped by a watchman yesterday morning when going out with a number of boxes but they were allowed away on stating that they were taking their master's luggage to the Railway Station.

FRENCH MELINITE DEPOT WRECKED THROUGH FIRE

Outbreak Starts At Massy-Palais
Eau Powder Works; One
Killed, 3 Injured

(Reuter's Agency War Service)
Paris, January 28.—A fire at some powder-works at Massy-Palais, near Paris, started involving some melinite stores, which exploded, damaging houses over a wide radius. One person was killed and three injured.

FIRE DEMOLISHES 1,000 KIANGPEHSIEN HOUSES

(Reuter's Pacific Service in The China Press)
Peking, January 30.—The Government has received a telegram reporting that a great fire broke out at Kiangpehsien, on the northward of Chungking, on the evening of the 28th. Owing to a high wind, it spread rapidly and did great damage, over a thousand houses being destroyed.



Air-Floral
TALC
the powder of fairy fineness—soft, fragrant as a caress.
ASSORTED ODORS
Wistaria, Corylopsia, Lilac; also Borated, Baby Talc and Flesh Tint. Guaranteed Pure.
Talcum Puff Co., Mfrs.
Brooklyn, N. Y.
Connell Bros. Company.
Oriental Agents,
Shanghai,
Hongkong and
Manila P.I.

Bapaume Step Nearer By Success of Haig

Details Indefinite, But French
Welcome Move Towards
Important Stronghold

(Reuter's Agency War Service)
Paris, January 29.—The official communique issued this afternoon reported: A German attack at Hartmanns-Weckerkopf was easily repulsed.

An enemy aeroplane was brought down. Our aeroplanes bombed the railway-stations at Athies, Savy and Etrelles.

The communique this evening reported: There has been a reciprocal artillery action in the region of Hill 304 and on the left of the Meuse and a long-range artillery bombardment in Lorraine.

Sir Douglas Haig's success was achieved in a populous district, the center of which is Le Transloy, a scattered borough bordering on the Peronne-Bapaume road, four miles from Bapaume. The enemy were strongly entrenched at the approaches to the borough, whose houses were fortified.

As Sir Douglas Haig spoke of "the region of Le Transloy," French experts are ignorant of the exact locality of the works captured on Saturday, but they emphasize that it is an important operation, as a further advance towards the stronghold of Bapaume.

London, January 29.—(By wireless).—A German official communique reports: We repulsed three waves of British troops, with heavy losses, northward of Arras. Repeated French attacks in the region of Hill 304 were unsuccessful.

Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reported this evening: We raided the enemy's lines north-east of Vermelles, bombed dug-outs and inflicted many casualties. We entered the enemy's positions north-east of Arras and reached their third line. We destroyed game dug-outs, with their occupants, killing many Germans in the trenches. Some prisoners were taken.

POLICEMAN AMOK

(Reuter's Pacific Service in The China Press)

Peking, January 30.—A tragic incident occurred in the Metropolitan Municipality building on Sunday evening, when a policeman on duty suddenly fired and killed two of his comrades and wounded a third. The remainder fled to the Survey Department, followed by the murderer, still firing.

Here, one surveyor was killed and one wounded. The murderer then committed suicide.

The crime must have been pre-meditated, as the police, ordinarily, are not supplied with ammunition.

CHANG CHI IN PEKING

(Reuter's Pacific Service in The China Press)

Peking, January 30.—Chang Chi, a prominent member of the Kuomintang, has arrived in Peking, after a trip to Japan. He was received in audience by President Li Yuan-hung, yesterday.

Obituary

Lord Cromer

(Reuter's Service)
London, January 29.—The death is announced of Earl Cromer.

FLY TRAPE FROM HERE BOON TO EGYPT TROOPS

A.D.M.S. Alexandria Dist.,
New Khedival Hotel,
Rue Porte Rosette,
Alexandria.

H. H. Read Esq.,
Shanghai.

Dear Sir.—We have lately received in Alexandria, 60 Japanese Fly Traps, which I am informed were sent here by you. They were distributed to various Units here, and the reports from these Units to hand with regard to them, are unanimous in stating that this Fly Trap is the most efficient trap yet invented. Please accept my thanks, and the thanks of all who received these Traps in Alexandria, for the great trouble you took in collecting them and despatching them.

I should also like our thanks to be conveyed, if possible, to the residents of Shanghai who subscribed for them. These traps are contributing, and will continue to contribute, no doubt, in the future very largely to the extermination of this disease bearing pest.

One Unit which received some of these fly traps drew up some instructions with regard to their management, a copy of which is attached, and which I think may be found useful.

With again our sincere thanks for all you have done.

I am, etc., etc.,
T. B. Beach,
Colonel, A.M.S.

Over Seas Club Gift Box Fund

Balance in hand Dec. 31, '16	18.21
"Indoor Golf" \$5	3.58
Diff in Exchange 1916	03
A. D.	100.00
J. H. Osborne	20.00
	Tls. 141.82

Remitted Jan. 19, 1917	106.82
Balance in hand	Tls. 35.00

H. H. Read,
Hon. Treasurer.

Over Seas Aircraft Fund

Balance in hand Dec. 31, '16	217.67
Interest on Bank Balance	7.29
A. Yarmouth Blotter	10
R. F. C. Master	50
\$60 var. exch.	42.91
J. H. T.	50.00
N. M. F.	75.00
J. H. Osborne, 9th	20.00
	Tls. 412.87

H. H. Read,
Hon. Treasurer.

Fly Trap Fund

Balance in hand Dec. 31, '16	839.57
Interest on Bank Balance	7.92
L. M.	20
A. D.	100.00
\$250 var. exch.	371.82
	Tls. 1,219.31

H. H. Read,
Hon. Treasurer.

250 more traps will be shipped next week to Bombay for transshipment to Mesopotamia and owing to A. D.'s generosity, Col. Gordon

Haig's request for 250 more traps, answered by a further shipment of 250 about the end of next month. I append copy of another letter I have received from Cairo which speaks for itself. I have been assured by several medical men that money could not be put to better use.

H. H. Read,
Hon. Treasurer.

Preparing for State To Develop Empire

Jameson Says Present Methods
Cannot Reduce Financial
Burdens After War

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, January 29.—Sir Starr Jameson and Mr. Wilson Fox, interviewed by a representative of Reuter's Agency, on the subject of the development of the resources of the Empire, mentioned on the 27th, state that it would be premature and ungracious to discuss the terms on which the Dominions might participate. "Where there is good-will, there is always a way."

The scheme might provide financial opportunities for very early development of the resources of the Empire, thereby increasing the revenues, population and political strength of the Dominions, whereas, without Empire-wide partnership, many potentialities are likely to remain undeveloped indefinitely. The central idea is development of the State, for the State, by the State, because the existing methods of taxation would not reduce the financial burdens of the Empire after the war, hence the necessity for some such great co-operative effort for that purpose.

Sir Starr Jameson said that, at present, the committee is avoiding antagonising vested interests. It is believed to be feasible that existing individual enterprises, where involved, could participate as co-partners with the State upon an increased profits basis. Experts have already investigated land-development, fisheries and palm-oil and prepared an excellent prima-facie case in favor of State development of these industries.

Sir Starr Jameson said that he was aghast to think how all past Imperial Governments have neglected to assist the development of the vast wealth of the Empire. The scheme, moreover, might provide an excellent, continuous investment for all classes, similar to the present war loan, with facilities for large and small investors.

PEARCE FOR CONFERENCE

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Melbourne, January 27.—The Hon. G. F. Pearce, Minister of Defence, is mentioned as Australia's representative in the Imperial War Cabinet.

End of War Augurs Coming of Christ

(Continued from Page 1)

form and results would complete the tribulations of man on earth. The lecturer stated that while it was not known in which year the Christ would set up His rule on earth, He had Himself said there were to be given signs which when they appeared would indicate the period of His return. This was all that could be known and the lecturer showed that we were now in this period and that every sign indicated had either been fulfilled or was now in process of fulfilment and that not one single important further event remained to be fulfilled. The lecturer showed that there were in the prophetic scriptures very clear chronological indications and that all these could be identified with tolerable exactness.


He outlined the rule of the new age to be a universal one and to comprise a pure Socialism under an absolute Autocracy. He foreboded the withdrawal of the Principle of Evil which now hindered progress and the disappearance of gold and all other monetary values and a mobilisation of the wealth for the benefit of every individual of the race. He was of the opinion that even after Christ's arrival it would probably take a long time, perhaps decades, to solve all the problems awaiting solution. The rapid development of modern science in every department of human experience led him to believe that we should travel along the road of material progress and social reform at a vastly accelerated rate of speed.

The result of the views held by the lecturer was certainly in the direction of explaining the awful problem of present conditions and led his hearers to a feeling of joyful expectation that the darkness of earth's night was about to pass away and a new day dawn for humanity.

Union Church Concert

In connection with the Musical "At Home," arranged by Mrs. Isherwood, at the Union Church Hall at 4 p.m. this afternoon, the following program will be rendered:

Violin Solos:
Two Mazurkas Winiawsky,
Mr. Papini.
Vocal Solo:
Angus Macdonald (By request)
Mrs. Isherwood.
Romance F. Laub
Mr. Papini.
Arcady Monckton
Mrs. Isherwood.
Violin Obligato:
Mr. Papini.
Piano duet Moszkowski
Mrs. Armitstead and Miss Jansen.
Vocal Solo:
(a) I Think Guy d'Hardelot
(b) When You Come Home Squire
(c) The Thistle Valerie White
(d) Pipes of Pan Monckton
Mrs. Isherwood.



**TO-DAY
&
EVERY-DAY
MILKMAID
Brand
EVAPORATED
MILK
IN USE IS
CHEAPER
than FRESH MILK**

MIKIMOTO'S
Culture Pearls and Jewels
MIKIMOTO'S
PEARL STORE
31 Nanking Road.



DUNLOP

GENTLEMEN,

you know quite well, the more care you take of your health, the more effectively you can repair a temporary injury to it. Tyres are like constitutions—if treated properly much can be done with them, otherwise they are ruined. If the casing of your worn cover is sound, it can be repaired and re-treaded by the

DUNLOP
RUBBER COMPANY, LTD.,

Founders of the Pneumatic Tyre Industry throughout the World.

20 Kiukiang Road.
Tel 2248. Cables: Pneumatic.

NEW MODEL
ARCHIMEDES
Portable Boat Motor
2 and 5 H.P.
THE ONLY PORTABLE 2-CYLINDER MOTOR ON THE MARKET

For Business, Sport and Recreation

May readily be attached to any round or flat bottom rowboat, no matter whether the stern be pointed or squarecut. It is indisputably easier to manipulate than a one-cylinder motor. It is easier to start, more powerful, and more reliable.

Simple, Strong, Durable, Reliable
Can be attached in two minutes; Automatic Lubrication; Magneto attachment to fly-wheel; solid brass rudder.

Wm. Katz & Co.,
1a, Jinkee Road
SOLE AGENTS IN CHINA
Demonstrations Given

Apply to
The Ekman Foreign Agencies, Ltd.
for particulars of all kinds of
SWEDISH PAPER

Need Necessary Cold Blood Especially in Dealing With Englishmen, Says Badewitz

His Explanation of How s.s. Yarrowdale Was Brought In; 'Heart In Right Place, Browning in Pocket'

(Ostasiatische Lloyd War Service)
The Deutscher Ueberseedienst states: Berlin, January 22.—A representative of the Deutsche Ueberseedienst had an interview today with Lieutenant of the Naval Reserve Badewitz, who has suddenly become famous by bringing into the port of Swinemunde the captured British steamer Yarrowdale. Badewitz makes the impression of a real sailor; he told the story of his wonderful deed in an unpretending, yet self-reliant way, as if it was a matter of course. Modesty as to his achievements made the plucky sailor still more sympathetic.

The first question was how he managed to bring the Yarrowdale from the Atlantic Ocean through the waters of the North Atlantic, where numerous hostile ships were plying and further through the hostile blockade into the North Sea and from there into the Baltic; further, how he could do this with a slow-steaming ship, which was strange to him and, therefore, rather insecure, particularly as he had only a crew of 16 men, while several hundred hostile persons were on board and he was threatened day and night by the many dangers from his own ship and a thousand dangers from other quarters.

Badewitz answered: "For such an action, you only need the necessary cold blood, particularly if you have to do with Englishmen and you must be determined not to care for anything. Besides, you need a handful of smart boys like mine, who have the heart in the right place and the Browning in the pocket. Then you can fetch the devil from his own quarters."

Questioned how he could hold under discipline the strangely mixed assembly on board, Badewitz replied: "The discipline was first-rate. Whenever the order was given: 'Everybody down,' the whole crowd of prisoners hurried to the lower decks, running like hares."

Badewitz said that he stayed all the time on the commander's bridge, together with his 16 men and all preparations had been made in order to be able to sink the ship at a moment's notice. Everybody knew exactly that this would have happened in case of a mutinous revolt. Badewitz further told the following details:

"The captains were very sensible and did much in order to keep a check upon their men. The prisoners thought that they could count upon Norway being touched. Among the prisoners were six men of the British navy, of whom three belonged to armed merchantmen, where they had served as gunners. A particular incident occurred in the Sound, when the ship had to drop anchor south of the Island of Hven, on account of a fog.

"One gunner of the British navy and one civilian jumped overboard, in order to gain the shore by swimming. They had hardly touched the cold water, when they began to yell, until they were picked up. Underneath the swimming belt of the gunner, a postal to his relatives in England was found, on which he wrote: 'Here is a chance for life and liberty.' He further had given exact details where he wanted to be buried in case he should die. It can perhaps be concluded from these utterances that the man considered himself a pirate and was afraid of the possible treatment he might be given."

Badewitz, before the war, was a captain in the service of the well-

known shipowning firm of Horn in Luebeck. He is married and his family is staying in Kiel. Badewitz belonged to the crew of the famous Moewe and, during the bolt-raid, he brought a captured steamer into the port of Teheriffe, with 206 prisoners, while having only seven men at his disposal. He sunk the ship before the port, in order not to let her fall into the hands of the enemy.

Badewitz then proved that he is an enterprising and resolute sailor, who knows how to play his part, as he has shown again now, when he tore a big hole into the blockade, which the British "rulers of the waves" pretend to have established.

AMERICAN CHAMBER OF COMMERCE AT TIENTSIN

Special Correspondence of The China Press

Tientsin, January 26.—The spirit of co-operation which led to the foundation of The American Chamber of Commerce of China at Shanghai has found further expression in the recently formed American Chamber of Commerce of Tientsin. Membership in this body is open to American firms and individual Americans interested in American commerce in this port. The officers for 1917 are: President, James S. Fearon. Vice President, W. A. Mitchell. Secretary, Burton W. Guyer. Treasurer, F. F. Spielman. Members of the Executive Committee: Messrs. L. F. Campbell, President, J. L. Dobbins, Vice President; and D. B. Nye, D.D.S., P. H. Bordwell, and R. W. Hamlet.

DUTY FIRST, SAYS SMUTS

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Petrograd, January 25.—General Smuts says that he departed from East Africa with feelings of great disappointment. It was very hard, when so near the end, not to be allowed to enter the promised land, but his colleagues in the Ministry thought it was his duty to go to the Imperial War Conference. He felt mankind was in a grave crisis and even South Africa might be able to contribute its small mite, which might yield important results.

£31,000 Prize Money Claimed For Sinking A Turkish Transport

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, January 29.—The Prize Court reserved judgment concerning the claim made by Lieutenant Commander Boyle, V. C., Commander of the E-14, for prize-money for sinking in the Sea of Marmora a Turkish gun-boat and transport with 6,000 troops on board, who were all drowned. The Judge pointed out that, if the troops were included in the reckoning, the prize-money would be increased from £2,000 to £31,000.

EARTHQUAKE KILLS 550

Reuter's Service

The Hague, January 27.—550 persons have been killed in an earthquake in the Dutch East Indies.

KODAK ALBUMS

Large variety, prices from 30 cts upwards.

Burr 3 Broadway

POPULAR PRICED MOTORCARS ARRIVE.

We are in receipt of our stock of 1917 Chevrolet and Chandler Cars, which represent the latest features in automobile construction. These cars are priced to meet the requirements of the ordinary man who needs a car for business or pleasure.

For demonstration 'phone West 197.

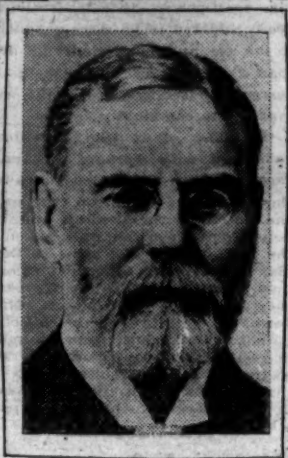
THE STAR GARAGE CO.,

SOLE AGENTS.

125 Bubbling Well Road.

Agents for "FISK" Tires.

UNDER THE CAPITOL DOME



James R. Mann

Washington, Dec. 22.—Because he endorsed President Wilson's peace note, there is considerable probability that James R. Mann, Republican floor leader in the House, will be eliminated from the candidacy for the speakership should the Republicans control the organization of the next House of Representatives.

Thus far Mr. Mann has not replied to the attacks made upon him by Representative Gardner, of Massachusetts, but it is said that he probably will issue a statement shortly in which he will come out for a policy of "undiluted Americanism." Strong opposition to Mann as a candidate for speaker has developed among the Republicans as a result of his approval of President Wilson's note and observers believe that he never can gain the speakership.

Australian Coalition Government Unlikely

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Melbourne, January 27.—A Coalition Government is more unlikely than ever.

YOU HAVE HEARD OF THE



A. H. FOX SPORTING GUNS!

THEY ARE HERE.

Fully Guaranteed. Prices Reasonable.

SQUIRES, BINGHAM CO.

17a Nanking Road

SPORTSMEN'S HEADQUARTERS.

Electric ~ Kettles.



Electric Kettles are ideal for heating small quantities of water—a touch of the switch and boiling water is ready in a few minutes at a negligible cost.

Electric Kettles may be operated off any lamp socket or plug at any time of the day or night. NO EXTRA EXPENSE FOR WIRING.

Electric Kettles of various types are stocked and sold at moderate prices by local contractors, they may be seen at the

MUNICIPAL ELECTRICITY DEPARTMENT
SHOWROOMS: 471-2 NANKING ROAD. TEL. No. 2660.

Enter Turks' Fourth Line at Kut-el-Amara

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, January 29.—An official despatch from Mesopotamia reports: We now hold the Turkish front and second lines south-westward of Kut-el-Amara, on a front of 4,300 yards and their third and fourth lines on a frontage of 600 yards.

950 Turkish dead have been collected and there are more still to be counted. We have captured 127 prisoners, a gun, three trench-mortars and a maxim.

Shipping Bulletins

The s.s. Kiakata Maru, which went down in the English Channel on the 20th inst., was built in 1892 by Messrs. J. Readhead and Sons, South Shields. Lloyd's gives her gross tonnage as 2,608, with the dimensions 293 by 40.1 by 19.5 ft. She was launched under the name of the Manar and was later re-named the Vega, being bought in Japan a few years ago when her name was changed for the third time to that of the Kita Maru. A couple of years ago she was purchased by the present owners, a Japanese concern, who changed her name to the present one. No information whatever as to how she came to her fate is yet to hand. It is generally surmised that she fell a victim to a submarine as she was under the charter of a French firm. Her Dalm agents are the Sung Mow Company.

The crew of the s.s. Kiakata Maru, which went down in the south of the English Channel, as stated above, were rescued by a French patrolling ship. This was telegraphed by the Japanese Embassy at Paris.

The Nippon Yusen Kaisha has decided to resume its Kobe-North China line for the present year on February 23 next, on which date a liner is scheduled to leave Kobe for Newchwang and Taku, via Dalm. The company's Yokohama-North China line has been arranged to be reopened on February 21 next, on which date the s.s. Sagami Maru is to leave Yokohama for the above-mentioned ports.

The s.s. Wada Maru, 3,343 tons, owned by the Mural Steamship Co., and which we recently stated was under charter to the French Government for one year at 31 shillings per ton, will leave Kobe on February 2nd next for Europe, via Saigon, where she will be armed at the hands of the French authorities concerned. Subsequently she will engage in the transportation of rice, munitions, etc., between Saigon and Marseilles. Her war insurance, amounting to £100,000 is, by the way, to be borne by the charterers.

CRAWL 12 LI ON THIN ICE

60 Chinese Caught and Held 5 Days

In Midlake By Freeze

Special Correspondence of The China Press

Luchowfu, via Wuhu, Jan. 24.—This morning at 8.45 this place was considerably shaken by an earthquake lasting about 30 seconds. No serious damage is reported though the quake was sufficient to break down a part of the east wall.

There is still some ice and snow

here, the cold having lasted a full month. Reports of suffering are coming in. The loss on the Chao Lake has been considerable. One steam launch was sunk near Sanho, another in the stream leading from the lake to Wuhu. One load of passengers numbering eighty were caught in the ice and after five days worked their way over the ice to land. Several times the ice broke and the people went into the freezing water, but no lives were lost by drowning, thanks to the shallowness of the lake. They were compelled to crawl for 12 li to land.

FETE IRISH-CANADIANS

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, January 29.—The Irish-Canadian Rangers attended special services at Armagh, yesterday, the preachers being the Primate of the Church of Ireland and Cardinal Logue, Archbishop of Armagh. Subsequently, they received a civic welcome and a popular ovation on their arrival at Belfast.

Field Marshal H. R. H. the Duke of Connaught has been appointed Colonel-in-Chief of the Volunteers.

LAUGHS ! LAUGHS !! LAUGHS !!!

ROARS OF LAUGHTER

IN

CHARLIE CHAPLIN'S

BURLESQUE

ON

THE GREAT OPERA

"CARMEN"

FOUR ACTS

SHOWING AT THE

VICTORIA THEATRE

Commencing Friday, Feb. 2nd, for Four Nights Only

And Matinee on Sunday.



CHEPSTOW CASTLE

Just Pure Rich Mellow Virginia Tobacco



FAMOUS CASTLES

The "Three Castles" Cigarettes

THE CIGARETTE WITH THE PEDIGREE

If you smoke a pipe of course you smoke "CAPSTAN NAVY CUT"

(This advertisement issued by the British-American Tobacco Company, Ltd.)

AMERICA RE-ENTERS CHINA LOAN GROUP?

U. S. Bankers May Have Hand
In \$100,000,000 Issue, If
Report Is True

Tokio, January 28.—American bankers have been persuaded to re-enter the International Banking Consortium in China, it was reported here yesterday. This information comes from an official source and, if true, the United States will have a hand in the \$100,000,000 organization loan which has been pending in China for several months.

Representatives of the Banking Group will meet in London January 30 to discuss the big China loan. America may be formally admitted to the syndicate at that time. The London conference will be only formal, it is said, as details of the new issue have been practically settled.

**784 Allied Aeroplanes,
221 German, Grashed,
Is Berlin's Reckoning**

**Claim Superiority All Through
1916; 'Entente Flyers Sel-
dom Crossed Lines'**

(Ostasiatische Lloyd War Service)
Berlin, January 23.—In 1916, the German aviators and anti-aircraft batteries shot down altogether 784 hostile machines, while the German losses during the year amounted to 221 machines. On the western front, the British and French lost 739 aeroplanes, the Germans 181. These figures are a striking proof of the superiority of the German aircraft. The Entente's aviators seldom, and only in strong squadrons, dared to cross the German lines. The losses were distributed as follows:

	Entente	Germany
January	20	5
February	23	8
March	43	19
April	36	24
May	47	16
June	43	23
July	85	20
August	84	24
September	133	23
October	104	17
November	94	31
December	66	21

The German observation flyers carried out raids to the farthest distances behind the hostile front many thousand times. The bombing squadrons, at night and day-time, caused severe damage to the enemy.

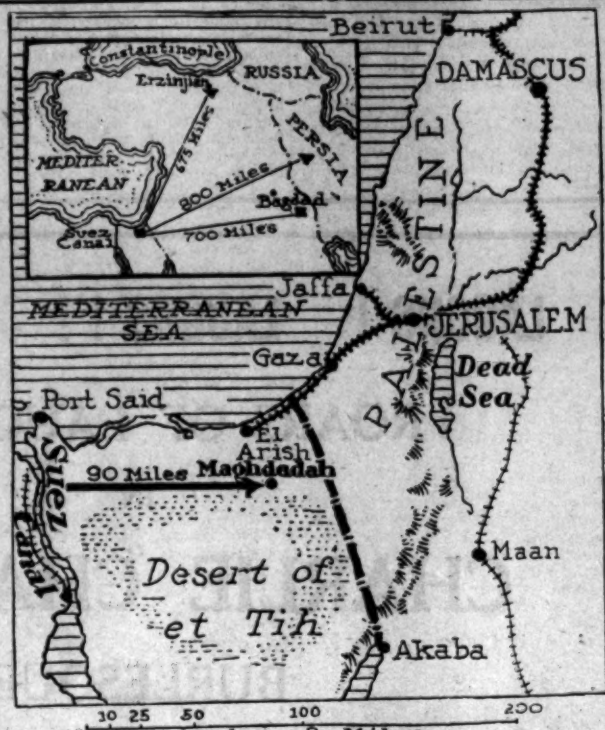
MEDICAL CONFERENCE

(Reuter's Pacific Service to The China Press)
Canton, January 29.—The joint medical conference of the China National Association and the China Medical Association has come to a successful close. The total attendance has been 64 foreign and 20 Chinese delegates from other cities and 30 foreign and 80 Chinese physicians from this locality.

The Civil Governor, Chu Ching-lan, has treated the delegates royally. He personally attended the reception and opened the first session. He has also given a banquet and other entertainments in honor of the visiting as well as the local medical men. Today, he opened a city health campaign.

Nearly 1,000 persons heard the first lecture, at which Dr. W. W. Peter spoke. The heads of the Government Departments and the schools attended the lecture.

British Menace Palestine



From the latest reports from London it appears that the British forces operating along the Turco-Egyptian frontier may soon be in a position to strike at the Holy Land. Recently London reported that British aero squadrons had made a raid on Beersheba, which is in Palestine, just over the border. London also announced that British

NEW ALLIED CONFERENCE SITTING AT PETROGRAD

(Reuter's Agency War Service)
Petrograd, January 29.—Lord Milner has arrived to attend an important conference of the Allies. Besides Lord Milner, the British representatives at the conference include Lord Revelstoke, General Sir Henry Williams, General Sir Hanbury Williams, the Director of Munitions and the Military Attaché at Bukharest. France is represented by M. Doumergue, the Minister for the Colonies and General Castelnau; Italy by Signor Scialoja, a Cabinet Minister and General Laderchi. The Tsar's representative welcomed the members of the conference at the frontier. The British, French and Italian Ambassadors are also attending the conference.

FRIENDSHIP BUREAU

(Reuter's Pacific Service to The China Press)
Peking, January 30.—Over eighty members and guests attended the annual dinner of the Anglo-Chinese Friendship Bureau, yesterday evening, including Mr. Bellby Alston, the British Charge d'Affaires and other members of the British Legation staff. Mr. Wang Ta-hsien, Dr. Morrison, Mr. Ageen, Admiral Tsai Ting-kan and Mr. Lu Cheng-hsiang. Owing to indisposition, Dr. Wu Ting-fang was unable to be present, which was much regretted.

DISMISS OFFICIALS

(Reuter's Pacific Service to The China Press)
Peking, January 30.—Owing to the lack of a uniform official system, the Cabinet has decided to re-adopt the system of the first year of the Republic and orders have already been issued to various Departments on the subject. This will probably involve the dismissal of a number of officials, who will be offered posts in the Provinces.

S.J. POWELL ADVOCATES MAN-POWER STANDARD

More Common-Sense Than
Horse-Power, He Says; In-
telligence Counts

A meeting of the Engineering Society of China was held yesterday afternoon at the Royal Asiatic Society Hall, with Mr. F. O. Reynolds in the chair. A paper on "Man-Power" was read by Mr. Sydney J. Powell.

The author pointed out that the engineers' unit, the horse-power, was not one that appealed to the non-technical man, who knew well enough what a man could do, but who had little idea of the power of the horse. Further, horse-power omitted entirely the factor of intelligence. He, therefore, proposed a new unit—the "man-power"—which would place matters on a more common-sense basis.

"A man, in mechanical terms, is capable of lifting one-eighth of what a horse will do in the same time. Now, this gives the impression that the horse is a more useful animal than the man from a mechanical point of view, but, of course, we know that a horse could no more run a donkey-engine than he could fly. That is where we men come in and it gives us the raison d'être of the motor-car. We are more useful animals than horses, because some of us can steer and manage cars at great speed and with great dexterity, which a horse cannot do."

Mr. Powell pointed out that intelligence is the only way to efficiency and efficiency is being brought more and more into prominence by recent catastrophic events. Man-power is the final test of a nation's greatness and is the most suitable unit for measuring national as well as mechanical energy.

Work, not self-aggrandisement, should be the standard by which a man or a nation is accorded his or its place in the world's councils. Of course, not every man can be rated at one-man-power and it should be the ambition of China to make its effective man-power

400,000,000, instead of being content with 400,000,000 inhabitants.

"The unit could be applied to men of the highest and lowest degree in summing up a community's effectiveness and it is quite conceivable that, in a state or country which really appreciates the value of man-power, that nine lawyers may only be considered as being effective as an asset of one man-power and nine tailors as nine man-power—that is, if clothes are considered to be more conducive to the use and convenience of man than a lawsuit, or employment of correct phraseology, are to the welfare of the community."

"To those of us who have been associated with workers of many races, it will be patent that the navy, the coolie, the fellaheen, the mall, the Hottentot, the Mexican and the help are all good fellows if taken in the right way and, if some of them only represent a proportion of one-man-power, at least in the aggregate they represent man-power. Man-power should represent the collective output of intelligence from all grades of society, each contributing its best to the productive results."

An interesting discussion followed, in which several members took part.

Motono Influences Allied Co-Operation

Will Make Japan's Assistance
Bring Forth All Practical
Results, Says Pichon

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Paris, January 28.—Commenting on Viscount Motono's speech in the Japanese Diet, last Tuesday, M. Pichon, a former French Minister of Foreign Affairs, writes in Le Petit Journal that the whole speech and its delivery by a statesman who thoroughly knows Europe and especially France and Russia, where he counts but friends, is impressed with great wisdom. "It is such as could be expected from a man of his ability and experience and will incite us to continue our co-operation with the Japanese and to make their assistance bring forth all the practical results it involves, even after two and a half years of exhausting struggles."

DO YOU PLAY GOLF?

The Shanghai Stores Co.

GENTLEMEN'S OUTFITTERS

21 NANKING ROAD

Have just landed ex S/S Glenturret, High Grade

ALL BRITISH MANUFACTURED

BROGUE

BOOTS AND SHOES

Also heavy knitted all wool

"WOLSEY" HALF-HOSE

Note the address:

The Shanghai Stores Co.

21 NANKING ROAD

APOLLO THEATRE

Commencing on Monday, February 5th.

"The New Adventures of J. Rufus Wallingford"

A series of motion pictures dealing with the amusing experiences of the most fascinating character of modern fiction

In 14 episodes of 2 reels each. Every episode complete in itself.

FEATURING

BURR McINTOSH—LOLITA ROBERTSON—MAX FIGMAN

The first two episodes will be

"The Bungalow Bungle" and "Three Rings and a Goat"

Showing on Friday, February 2nd.

"THE HIGH HAND"

From the Novel by Jacques Futrelle, the famous author, who lost his life on the "Titanic"

AN INSPIRING ROMANCE OF

LOVE, POLITICS, CAPITAL AND LABOUR

In Six Parts, featuring

CARLYLE BLACKWELL, "The Adonis of the Movies,"

NEVA GERBER, a young and beautiful cinema star.

This is the story of a successful fight waged against the grafters and gun-men of a political ring. It is a strong story of red-blooded action, in which stirring situations of dramatic interest abound. Carlyle Blackwell takes the leading part, enacting a character eminently suited to his abilities. As Jim Warren, the factory hand, he meets, fights with, and finally conquers the all-powerful political boss, raising himself up from his lowly position to gain the love and be the equal of the daughter of his aristocratic enemies. In the role opposite to the star, excellent work is done by Miss Neva Gerber, one of the most prominent of the younger constellation of screen notables. Miss Gerber is a petite blonde with deep set eyes, full curved mouth, and a glorious mass of golden hair. Miss Gerber is a discovery of William D. Taylor, the director of the Favorite Players, who, when he saw her charm-acting, appreciated fully her peculiar fitness for the part of Edna in "The High Hand." The scenes which she and Carlyle Blackwell enact together are truly artistic. Miss Gerber's characteristics are a child-like innocence, curiously suited to the part for which she has been cast.

QUICKEST TIME
MOST LUXURIOUS SERVICE
BY THE

CANADIAN PACIFIC

TO
AMERICA AND ENGLAND
VIA

VANCOUVER

BANFF

CHICAGO

DETROIT

NIAGARA FALLS

MONTREAL

NEW YORK.

NOW BOOKING FOR SPRING
AND SUMMER SAILINGS.

TELEPHONE 181-182 OR WRITE AND OUR
REPRESENTATIVE WILL CALL ON YOU.

J. R. SHAW.

L. E. N. RYAN,

GENERAL AGENT PASSENGER DEPARTMENT,

AGENT

CANADIAN PACIFIC OCEAN SERVICES, LIMITED

CORNER PEKING & YUEN MING YUEN ROADS,
SHANGHAI.

BIG BEN

THE WORLD'S GREATEST ALARM CLOCK

stands seven inches tall, with well-shaped distinct hands and a big, broad dial, easily visible in the dim morning light.

He rings just when you want and either way you want—five straight minutes or every other half-minute during ten minutes, unless you shut him off.

He has everything in his favor—quality, looks and style. He looks the price; he's worth the price.

\$6.50

Ask your store

to show you

the

BIG BEN

Distributors:

MUSTARD & Co.

22, Museum Road,

Shanghai



SPORTS



Latest News of Athletic World



GOSSIP

U.S. TENNIS STARS DEFEAT JAPANESE

Church and Throckmorton Prove
Too Good for Kumagae And
Nomura in Doubles

Tokio, January 26.—Japan has yet to produce a tennis player that will prove a worthy partner to Kumagae in double play. This was demonstrated yesterday, when the Japanese champion and his partner, Nomura, went down to defeat before the American pair, Church and Throckmorton, in a doubles match in which Kumagae was the bright star. Two Kumagae would have trimmed the Americans yesterday, but Nomura, while playing a plucky game, was out of his class, and three out of four sets went to the New York-New Jersey team, 6-1, 6-4, 8-6, 6-3.

There is only one Kumagae in Japan. That he stands alone in this country was demonstrated last January, when, although he defeated Griffin, the California star, with ease he and his partner went down before Griffin and Dawson in the doubles. The great wonder is that Kumagae has developed and maintains his class without the assistance of more frequent meetings with men of the same skill.

Church Has Bad Shoulder
The large gathering that ringed the court at the Tokio Lawn Tennis Club yesterday afternoon was disappointed not to see a meeting between Kumagae and Church. Much was expected of this match because it was Church, who put Kumagae out of the Forest Hills tournament last summer, and a second meeting between these two cracks was expected to produce great tennis. Church, however, has developed a bad shoulder, and could not be called on to face the Japanese champion in such poor condition. He and Throckmorton, however, took on Kumagae and Nomura, who was the winner of the scratch singles in the last club tournament.

The big factor in the defeat of the Japanese yesterday was their inability to reach the net and to keep their opponents in the back court. Nomura's attempts at lobbing were feeble and usually ended in disaster, for both the Americans play a strong overhead game, and although they were erratic yesterday Church's terrific smashing and Throckmorton's all-round clever play at the net kept the Japanese on the defensive throughout. In the third set and one or two games in the fourth Kumagae passed them at the net several times, but that was enough to count appreciably in the final tally.

The first set went to the visitors without much argument. Kumagae and Nomura pulled one game out of the wreckage, but Nomura's service was uncertain and both the Americans were driving and smashing well. In the second set, Kumagae's driving kept the count even until four-all was reached. Church won his service, and then Kumagae faltered for a moment in his service, losing a splendid chance to make the set deuce after he had the count 40-15. Church and Throckmorton won this game and set, 6-4.

Third Set to Japanese
The visitors were badly off their game in the third set, most of their drives going out and most of their

smashes into the net. Nomura steadied at this stage of the contest and managed to score several times at the net. Kumagae's driving and serving were of his best variety. Result: set to Kumagae and Nomura, 6-3.

The visitors came back in the final set, and although the Tokio pair battled on even terms with them until the three-all mark was reached, the superior team work and better judgment of the Americans pair would not be denied. Kumagae netted a return for the final point of 5-3 set.

The day was almost ideal for tennis, and a large turnout was the result. A large number of tennis "fans" came up from Yokohama, while the diplomatic corps was well represented.

Sports Correspondence

Basketball Championship

Sports Editor, THE CHINA PRESS
Dear Sir: By the publication on Sunday last of the article submitted to you concerning local Basketball it is very evident that an injustice has been done to the team representing the U.S.S. Helena.

The caption: "Red Sox, Shanghai Basketball Champions" is flatly contradicted by the subsequent list of games played wherein it states clearly that the Helena beat the Red Sox two out of three games, the last game very decisively establishing the Helena as the superior team. Apparently the Red Sox are determined to be styled in some way as Champions. You clearly stated in your columns several days ago that the game to be played at the Y.M.C.A. on Friday night, January 26, at 9 p.m. for which an admission of 20 cents would be charged, was to be between the Helena and Red Sox to decide the "Championship" and yet in spite of the result, 30-19 in favor of the Helena, you publish the Red Sox as "Champions." Why is this? Certainly the only Championship which can be played for by local teams is a local Championship, which, as in baseball, is competed for by navy teams as though they were local units and any attempts to stage a "Far Eastern Championship" with only local teams is a ridiculous presumption.

Perhaps the Red Sox in their desire for that awe inspiring appellation "Champions" have relegated the team they could not beat to a misty position of Far Eastern supremacy, still retaining for themselves the local ascendancy. I say, perhaps, since there is no official sanction of authority existing to govern such championships.

If by claiming the name Champions the Red Sox refer to their leading in the recently concluded series at the Town Hall I would point out that the official designation of that League (the only League formed this season) is "S. V. C. B. B. League." As explained to you and published in your columns at the beginning of the series the teams were drawn from S. V. C. units and in the case of the American Company teams were named after popular teams in the United States. How this league is bent and twisted into an open championship of Shanghai only the Red Sox are able to divulge.

It was the intention of the authorities concerned that after the S. V. C. league was concluded there would be officially formed an open "Town League" composed of a smaller number of the better teams to decide the local Championship. This town league depended on securing playing courts since the authorities have other uses for the Town Hall Gymnasium. Space has now

been allotted by the courtesy of the Recreation Ground Trustees on the Race Course enclosure subject to approval as to position by the Race Club, and plans will be made immediately for the Town League series. In view of this the claims made by the Red Sox are somewhat previous.

As stated in the article: "Attempts to select an All-Far-Eastern team are fraught with difficulties." Especially true when players on the Legation and U. S. Marine teams at Peking are ignored by your authority. Moreover such attempts, as exemplified by so-called "All-American Football Teams," stay in the U.S. are nothing more than enthusiasm run wild. No two self-styled "Authorities" will ever agree on selections and much injustice is done and ill-feeling engendered by the publication of such stuff.

Generally, however, these "All-so-and-so" teams are picked with a great deal more study than is apparently given to the teams in your article. Your authority has evidently not been in Shanghai more than one season and evidently belongs to the favored team.

It would be interesting to hear the views of others on this matter and for the sake of the justice due to the Helena boys I trust you will give this matter full publicity. Yours, etc.

FACTS.
Note: The Red Sox as winners of the League, which included the best teams in town, perhaps feel justified in calling themselves Champions, even if the league was an S.V.C. one. If an open league is formed and they beat the Helena and good. The team that win out in the new league will be Champions of Shanghai.

AMERICAN ATHLETES TO ASSIST BASEBALL CLUB

New Organisation Desires Close
Relations With Other;
Officers Elected

More than half of the 140 members which the Shanghai Athletic Club has added to its roll in the past two months were present at the annual meeting and election held in the Palace Hotel banquet room, yesterday afternoon, with Mr. G. F. Ashley in the chair. Plans were made for the close co-operation of the new organization with the Baseball Club for the furtherance of American participation in sports. A scheme was also put forward for amateur boxing contests which met with unanimous approval and was passed on to the Executive Committee for consideration and possible action.

The meeting was most enthusiastic and the several reports regarding the club's teams in soccer football, basketball and other sports were heartily applauded, the plan for outdoor basketball owing to the Town Hall gymnasium having been required for other purposes, while an innovation, was considered to be of benefit as permitting many more members participating in this new sport for Shanghai.

The first business of the session was the appointment of auditors in the persons of Dr. N. L. Downs and Mr. Paul McRae who approved the accounts of the Hon. Treasurer, Mr. Roy Squires. While they were at work, reports of the soccer football committee by Mr. O. D. Rasmussen and basketball by Mr. L. J. Mead were read. The club's plans for football include a series of games on

practically every open date with members of the second Shanghai eleven and some inter-squad games as well since the club has materials for two elevens now turning out. Mr. Mead told of the work of the basketball teams and stated that practically every member of the two teams of highest standing in the recent series of games was a member of the Athletic Club.

Report of the acceptance of those asked to join the club as Governors was read by Secretary Vanderbeek who announced that Consul General Sommons, Councilman W. L. Merriman, Dr. S. A. Ransom, Judge C. S. Lobingier, Messrs. W. W. Stevens and J. H. McMichael had acquiesced and would assist the club in every manner possible. Now bye-laws limiting the financial responsibility of officers of the club were passed and a discussion as to the possibility of permanent quarters was held after which the club proceeded to the election of officers which resulted in the following being chosen for the executive committee:

Messrs. Downs, Ashley, Squires, Swan, Rodger, Vanderbeek and Rasmussen, the chairmanship devolving on Dr. Downs. The executive committee then met and elected Mr. Rasmussen as secretary, owing to the resignation of Mr. Vanderbeek, the incumbent, and re-elected Mr. Squires as Treasurer. During the counting of the votes, Mr. Rodger presented a proposition for the holding of amateur boxing events which was so thoroughly approved by the members that the new executive committee was directed to look into the matter and if found feasible to act upon it.

Billiards

Corrected League Table

	Won.	Lost.	Total Pts.	Total Pts. Against.	League Points.
Lusitano	9	1	11691	9543	18
Powhattan	7	3	10712	10720	14
Thirty	6	3	10403	9893	12
M. E. Inst.	6	3	10274	9737	12
Maesonic	6	4	11022	10426	12
Customs	4	8	12585	13556	8
Police	2	9	10232	11567	4
Municipal	1	10	10844	13112	2

SHANGHAI RIFLE ASSN.

The monthly competition of the Shanghai Rifle Association is being held at the Rifle Range this morning, 7 to 9 o'clock. The range is 300 yards, Bisley targets, 1 sighting and 10 scoring shots.

RACE CLUB TO HONOR ITS FALLEN MEMBERS

Will Erect Permanent Memorial;
Chairman Pays Tribute
At Annual Meeting

The Race Club members last night elected the Stewards for the ensuing year, as follows:—Messrs. W. S. Jackson (Chairman), A. W. Burkill, G. W. Coutts, John Liddell, John Johnstone, H. H. Read and A. G. Stephen.

Mr. W. S. Jackson referred to the Club's "Roll of Honor" as follows: "Gentlemen, before we begin the official business of this meeting, I feel it incumbent on me to again refer to the Club's Roll of Honor and, as a mark of respect to our late fellow members, I would ask you all to rise. Our Roll of Honor, last year, contained the names of eleven gentlemen, who were all well known to most of us. This year, I regret to say, the number is increased to eighteen, which is a high percentage of the 86 members of this Club who so generously and instinctively sacrificed their business interests and pleasures out here to obey the call of duty to their countries and to those salient eighteen, whose names appear in the Roll of Honor published with our report, all honor is due.

"The retiring Stewards have placed on record that, at the conclusion of this terrible war, a complete and fitting permanent Roll of Honor, with the photographs of each of our fallen comrades, shall be displayed in the grand stand, lest we forget and I hope you will signify your approval of our action.

"In condoling with the relatives of Messrs. B. R. Jackson, W. J. Ralphs, L. Bourgeois, T. M. MacQueen, C. C. F. Cunningham, Henry Symes and W. H. N. Leyshon, who fell during 1916, while serving with the British and French forces, I am sure I voice the sympathy of all the members of the Shanghai Race Club.

"Before you resume your seats, I would ask you all to join with me in wishing the best of luck to our remaining 68 honorary absent members, who are all doing their bit at home and the hope that we may soon see them back in Shanghai, safe and sound, to receive the welcome and congratulations which they will so richly deserve."

The Race Club's Roll of Honor is as follows: Major W. H. Dent, Major J. C. E. Douglas, Captain B. D. Bruce, Captain B. R. Jackson, Captain Loftus E. P. Jones, Captain W. J. Ralphs, Captain W. E. Reiss, Captain G. U. Robins, Lieutenant L. Bourgeois, Lieutenant Percy Lambe, Lieutenant T. M. MacQueen, Lieutenant H. E. Gippe, 2nd Lieut. C. C. F. Cunningham, 2nd Lieut. J. E. Green, 2nd Lieut. B. S. Laurence, 2nd Lieut. Henry Symes, Lance-Corporal W. Davidson, Private W. H. N. Leyshon.

WEAK, ILL & MISERABLE WITH KIDNEY

AND BLADDER TROUBLE



The person with kidney and bladder trouble hardly knows what it is to be without a backache or headache, or to enjoy a good night's sleep.

They cannot stoop, they cannot walk far, the least exertion brings on a heavy, dragging pain in the loins and sides.

Their appetite is poor, their eyes are dull and puffy, the ankles and limbs swell. They have sharp attacks of neuralgia and rheumatic pains in the muscles and joints. How they drag through the day they never know. Little wonder they find themselves growing depressed, nervous and impatient.

Kidney and bladder troubles are indeed hard to bear. They make life a misery, and endanger the health of the whole system, for when the kidneys are ill they cannot filter the kidney poisons out of the blood.

Doan's Backache Kidney Pills are a special kidney and bladder medicine, for men as well as women. They heal the kidneys and gently help them to take out the urinary poisons which make so many men and women weak, ill and miserable.

DOAN'S BACKACHE KIDNEY PILLS

兜安氏秘製保腎丸

Andersen, Meyer & Co., Ltd.

4-5 Yuen Ming Yuen Road

'Phone 778

SOLE AGENTS FOR

Milburn Light Electric

Speed: Coupe, 18 m.p.h.

Speed: Roadster, 24 m.p.h.

Power Cost, Tls. 0.01 Per Mile

Comfortable and Easy to Operate

Depreciation and Maintenance Cost Minimized

Saving in Operating Expense Pays Entire Initial Cost.

On View In Our Showroom



BURGLARY AND THEFT

in the
Foreign Settlements
may be guarded
against by
Insuring
Your
Property
with the

Java Sea and Fire Insurance Co.

88, KIUKIANG ROAD, TEL. 70
LIBERAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS

"The Richest of all Tinned Milks Tested"

Says the Committee on Infant
and Invalid Diet of the Medical
Missionary Association of China



The China Press

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR
EXCEPT ON MONDAYS AND HOLIDAYS

THE CHINA PRESS Incorporated,
Delaware, Publishers

WEATHER

Cloudy, but rather fine weather.
Moderate to fresh monsoon off
along the coast.

IMPARTIAL AND PROGRESSIVE

SHANGHAI, JANUARY 31, 1917

Democracy of the Whole World Needed for Real Peace— Wilson

PRESIDENT WILSON'S epoch-making address to the United States Senate, on January 22, was cabled in full to the American Embassy in Tokio and published in the Japan Advertiser of January 23. It is a powerful and eloquent appeal in which the President sets forth the reasons for his peace Note of a month ago, and gives a statement of what he believes must be the foundation of a lasting world-peace. The United States, he declares, will join the other nations of the world in a concert to prevent wars in the future.

That all governments of the world must derive their just powers from the consent of the governed, the President declares, must be recognised before any real peace comes. "No peace can last," he said, "or ought to last, that does not recognise this principle, and that no right exists anywhere to hand peoples about from potentate to potentate as if they were property."

It will be recalled that when we were discussing the brief extracts from this address cabled by Reuters the other day we drew attention to the unfairness of forming opinions based on them. We think that a reading of the speech in its entirety fully proves our argument. The President, it seems to us, has surpassingly expressed the highest and noblest aspirations of human society for the future governance of the world and development of civilisation. And he has accomplished this with compassion and understanding.

Incidentally, we note that some of our British contemporaries give evidence of wounded susceptibilities because the President in his public and official utterances persists in placing the Entente Allies and the Central Powers on a par with each other. We would remind them, that short of a severance of diplomatic relations or a declaration of war, the President's path of neutrality is clearly marked out for him and he may not depart from it. Here follows the much discussed address in full:

"Gentlemen of the Senate:
"On the eighteenth of December last I addressed an indelible note to the Governments of the nations now at war requesting them to state, more definitely than they had yet been stated by either group of belligerents, the terms upon which they would deem it possible to make peace. I spoke on behalf of humanity and of the rights of all neutral nations like our own, many of whose most vital interests the war puts in constant jeopardy. The Central Powers united in a reply which stated merely that they were ready to meet their antagonists in conference to discuss terms of peace. The Entente Powers have replied much more definitely and have stated, we understand, terms indeed, but with sufficient definiteness to imply details, the arrangements, guarantees, and acts of reparation which they deem to be the indispensable conditions of a satisfactory settlement. We are that much nearer a definitive discussion of the peace which will end the present war. Therefore we are that much nearer the discussion of the international concert which must thereafter hold the world at peace. In every discussion of the peace that must end this war it is taken for granted that that peace must be followed by some definite concert of Powers which will make it virtually impossible that any such catastrophe should ever overwhelm us again. Every lover of mankind, every sane and thoughtful man must take that for granted.

"I have sought this opportunity to address you because I thought I owed it to you, as the council associated with me in the final determination of our international obligations, to disclose to you without reserve the thought and purpose that have been taking form in my mind in regard to the duty of our Government in the days to come when it will be necessary to lay afresh and upon a new plan the foundations of peace among the nations.

"It is inconceivable that the people of the United States should play no part in that great enterprise. To take part in such a service will be the opportunity for which they have sought to prepare themselves by the very principles and purposes of their polity and the approved practices of their government ever since the days when they set up a new nation in the high and honorable hope that it might in all that it was and did show mankind the way (?) to the other Nations of the world to state the conditions under which they will feel free to render it.

"That service is nothing less than this: to add their authority and their power to the authority and force of other nations to guarantee peace and justice throughout the world. Such a settlement cannot be long postponed and it is right that before it be accomplished this government should frankly formulate the conditions upon which it would feel justified not any less than our people in approving its formal and solemn adherence to a league for peace. I am here to attempt to state those conditions.

"The present war must first be ended; but we owe it to candor and to a just regard for the opinion of mankind to say that, so far as the participation of others in guarantees of future peace is concerned, it makes a great deal of difference in what way and upon what terms it is ended. The treaties and agreements which bring it to an end must embody something that will create a peace that is worth guaranteeing and preserving, a peace that will win the approval of mankind, not merely a peace to serve the several interests and immediate aims of the nations engaged. We shall have no voice in determining what those terms shall be, but we shall, I feel sure, have a voice in determining whether they shall be made lasting or not by the guarantees of a universal covenant; our judgment upon what is fundamental and essential as a condition precedent to permanency should be spoken now, not afterwards, when it may be too late.

"No covenant of co-operative peace that does not include the peoples of the New World can suffice to keep the future safe against war; and yet there is only one sort of peace that the peoples of America could join in guaranteeing. The elements of that peace must be elements that engage the confidence and satisfy the principles of the American Governments, elements consistent with the political faith and the practical convictions which the peoples of America have once for all embraced and undertaken to defend.

"I do not mean to say that any American Government would throw any obstacle in the terms of peace the governments now at war might agree upon, or seek to upset them when made, whatever they might be. I only take it for granted that mere terms of peace between the belligerents will not satisfy even the belligerents themselves. Mere agreements do not make peace secure. It will be absolutely necessary therefore that a force be created as a guarantor of the permanency of the settlement so much greater than the force of any nation now engaged or any alliance now formed or projected that no nation, no probable combination of nations could face or withstand it. If the peace presently to be made is to endure, it must be a peace made and secured by the organized major force of mankind.

"The terms of the immediate peace agreed upon will determine whether it is a peace for which such guarantee can be secured. The question upon which the whole future peace and policy of the world depends is this: Is the present war a struggle for a just and secure peace, or only for a new balance of power? If it be only a struggle for a new balance of power, who will guarantee, who can guarantee, the stable equilibrium of the new arrangement? Only a tranquil Europe can be a stable Europe. There must be, not a balance of power commenced by blurred community of power; not organised rivalries, but organised common peace.

"Fortunately, we have received very explicit assurances on this point. The statement of both of the groups of nations now arrayed against one another have said, in terms that could not be misinterpreted, that it was no part of the purpose they had in mind to crush their antagonists. But the implication of these assurances may not be equally clear to all, may not be the same on both sides of the water. I think it will be serviceable if I attempt to set forth what we understand them to be.

"They imply, first of all, that it must be a peace without victory.

I beg that I may be permitted to put my own interpretation upon it and that it may be understood that no other interpretation was in my thought. I am seeking only to face realities, and to face them without soft concealments. Victory would mean peace forced upon the loser—a victor's terms imposed upon the vanquished. It would be accepted in humiliation, under duress, at an intolerable sacrifice, and would leave a sting, a resentment, a bitter memory upon which terms of peace would rest, not permanently, built as upon quick-sand. Only a peace between equals can last, only a peace the very principle of which is equality and a common participation in a common benefit. The right state of mind, the right feeling between nations are factors as necessary for a lasting peace as is the just settlement of vexed territory or of racial and national allegiance.

"The equality of nations upon which peace must be founded if it is to last must be an equality of rights; the guarantees exchanged must neither recognise nor imply a difference between big nations and small, between those that are powerful and those that are weak. Right must be based upon the common strength, not upon the individual strength, of the nations upon whose concert peace will depend. Equality of territory or of resources there of course cannot be; nor any other sort of equality not gained in the ordinary peaceful and legitimate development of the peoples themselves. But no-one asks or expects anything more than an equality of rights. Mankind is looking now for freedom of life, not for equipoises of power.

"And there is a deeper thing involved than even equality of right among organised nations. No peace can last, or ought to last, which does not recognise and accept the principle that governments derive all their just powers from the consent of the governed, and that no right anywhere exists to hand peoples about from potentate to potentate as if they were property. I take it for granted, for instance, if I may venture upon a single example, that statesmen everywhere are agreed that there should be a united, independent, and autonomous Poland, and that henceforth inviolable security of life, of worship, and of industrial and social development, should be guaranteed to all peoples who have lived hitherto under the power of governments devoted to a faith and purpose hostile to their own.

"I speak, not because of any desire to exalt an abstract political principle which has always been held very dear by those who have sought to build up liberties in America, but for the same reason that I have spoken of the other conditions of peace which seem to me clearly indispensable, because I wish frankly to have realities. Any peace which does not recognise and accept this principle will inevitably be upset. It will not rest upon the affections or the convictions of mankind. The ferment of spirit of whole populations will fight subtly and constantly against it, and all the world sympathise. The world can be at peace only if its life is stable, and there can be no stability where the will is in rebellion, where there is not tranquillity of spirit and sense of justice, of freedom, and of right.

"So far as practicable, moreover, every great people now struggling towards a full development of its resources and of its powers should be assured direct outlets, to the great highways of the sea. Where this cannot be done by the cession of territory, it no doubt can be done by the neutralisation of direct rights of way under the general guarantee which will assure the peace itself. With a right comity of arrangement no nation need be, should be, away from full access to the open paths of the world's commerce.

"And the paths of the sea must alike in law and in fact be free. The freedom of the seas is the sine qua non of peace, equality, and co-operation. No doubt a somewhat radical reconsideration of many of the rules of a former practice hitherto thought to be established may be necessary in order to make the seas quite free and common in practically all circumstances for the use of mankind, but the necessity for such changes is convincing and compelling. There can be no trust or intimacy between the peoples of the world without them. The free, constant, unthreatened intercourse of nations is an essential part of the process of peace and of development. It need not be difficult either to define or to secure the freedom of the seas if the governments of the world desire it, since it is a problem closely connected with the limitation of naval armaments and the co-operation of the navies of

the world in keeping the seas at once free and safe. And the question of limiting naval armament opens the wider and perhaps more difficult question of the limitations of armies and of all military preparation. Difficult and delicate as these questions are they must be faced with the utmost candor and decided in a spirit of real accommodation if peace is to come with healing in its wings, and come to stay. Peace cannot be had without concession and sacrifice. There can be no sense of safety and equality among the nations if great, preponderating armaments are henceforth to be built up and maintained. The statement of the world must plan for peace and nations must adjust and accommodate their policy to it as they have planned for war and made ready for pitiless contest and rivalry. The question of armaments, whether on land or sea, is the most immediate and intensely practical question of the future fortunes of nations and of mankind.

"I have spoken upon these great matters without reserve and with the utmost explicitness because I believed it seemed to me to be necessary if the world's yearning desire for peace was anywhere to find free voice and utterance. Perhaps I am the only person in high authority amongst all the peoples of the world who is at liberty to speak and hold nothing back. I am speaking as an individual, and yet am speaking also, of course, as the responsible head of a great government, and I feel confident that I have said what the people of the United States would wish me to say. May I not add that I hope and believe that I am in effect speaking for liberals and friends of humanity of this nation and of every friend of liberty? I would fain believe that I am speaking for the silent mass of mankind everywhere who have yet had no place or opportunity to speak their real hearts out concerning the death and ruin they see to have come already upon the persons and the homes they hold most dear.

"And in holding out the expectation that the people and Government of the United States will join the other civilised nations of the world in guaranteeing the permanence of peace upon such terms as I have named, I speak with the greater boldness and confidence because it is clear to every man who can think that there is in this promise no breach in either our traditions or our policy as a nation, but a fulfillment, rather, of all that we have professed or striven for.

"I am proposing, as it were, that the nations should with one accord adopt the doctrine of President Monroe as the doctrine of the world: that no nation should seek to extend its polity over any other nation or people, but that every people should be free to determine its own polity, its own way of development, unhindered, unthreatened, unafraid, the little along with the great and powerful.

"I am proposing that all nations henceforth avoid entangling alliances which would draw them into the road of power, catch them in a net of intrigue and selfish rivalry, and disturb their own affairs with influences intruded from without. There is no entangling alliance in a concert of powers. When all

unite to act in the same sense and with the same thought all act in the common interest and are free to live their own lives under a common protection.

"I am proposing government by the consent of the governed; that freedom of the seas which in international conference after conference representatives of the people of the United States have urged with the eloquence of those who are by conviction disciples of liberty; and that moderation of armaments which makes of armies and navies a power for order merely, not an instrument of aggression or of selfish violence.

"These are American principles, American policies. We could stand for no others.

"They are all the principles and policies of forward-looking men and women everywhere, of every modern nation, of every enlightened community. They are the principles of mankind and must prevail."

Correspondence

Dr. Sun and the Overseas Chinese

Editor, THE CHINA PRESS

Dear Sir:—In today's issue of your paper was published a report stating that the Overseas Chinese protested against Dr. Sun's action in asking the Government to refund the sum loaned him for the purpose of counter-acting the Monarchist Movement, and that those Chinese requested the Government not to pay as they did not intend their money to be refunded.

Such a report is entirely misleading to the public; therefore it behooves us to correct the false impression given. This report apparently originated from a cablegram of the Soerabaya Chamber of Commerce to the Government; but the money referred to by this Chamber of Commerce has nothing whatsoever to do with Dr. Sun or his party.

The two million two hundred thousand dollars advanced by the said Chamber was for a "Cause" (certainly not Dr. Sun's Cause) which it was wise enough to have withheld in its recent cablegram to the Government.

It might be mentioned that only \$18,000 was received by the Revolutionary Party from Soerabaya, and this sum was contributed by Dr. Sun's followers, and not by the Chamber of Commerce there.

It can be plainly seen that even if Soerabaya's Chamber of Commerce did contribute to the Revolutionary Cause, that sum did not even amount to one one-hundredth of the loan. Therefore it is ridiculous for it to come forward and assume responsibility for all the Overseas Chinese, by declaring that they did not intend to have their money refunded, and the Government need not pay this national debt!

A full, detailed and itemized account of every cent expended by Dr. Sun for the Republican Cause has been presented to the Government, and shortly it will be published in booklet form and issued by us for the benefit of the public.

Thanking you for space in tomorrow's issue of your paper, I am, Yours very respectfully,

R. SUN,
Sec. of Former Anti-Monarchist Party.

63 Route Vallon,
Jan. 30, 1917.

Lloyd George Sees Hope In America

A message to America from Premier Lloyd George is contained in an article entitled "An Intimate Study of England's War Chief," written by Isaac F. Marcossow for the January issue of Everybody's Magazine. Mr. Marcossow writes that in a recent interview with Lloyd George he said:

"Since the war means so much to us, have you no message for America?"

From this point the article reads: "Throughout our talk he had sat in a low chair, sometimes tilting it backward as he swayed with the vehemence of his words. Suddenly he became still. He turned his head and looked dreamily out the window at his left, where he could see the throng of Whitehall as it swept back and forth along London's Great Military Way.

"Then, rising slowly and with eloquent gestures and trembling voice (he might have been speaking to thousands instead of one person) he said:

"The hope of the world is that America will realize the call destiny is making to her in tones that are getting louder and more insistent as these terrible months go by. That destiny lies in the enforcement of respect for international law and international rights."

"It was a pregnant and unforgettable

moment. From the throne room of a colossal conflict, England's war lord was sounding the note of a distant process of peace.

"If you had probed behind his kindling utterance you would have seen with Lloyd George himself that beyond the flaming battle lines and past the tumult of a world at war was the hope of some faraway tribunal that would judge nations and keep them, just as individuals are kept, in the path of right and humanity.

"But before and such bloodless antidote can be applied to international dispute, to quote Lloyd George again, 'This war must be fought to a finish.'

"These final words, snapped like a whip-lash and emphasized with a fistbeat on the table, meant that England would see her titan task through, and if for no other reason, because the man who drives the war gods wills it so."

Once a Pacifist

The article continues with a narration of Lloyd George's career from the beginning, that part of it connected with the Boer war forming contrast with the present.

"Before the conflict with the Boers," says the author, "Lloyd George was a militant pacifist—a sort of peacemaker with a punch. (Continued on Page 7)

THE BEST BY TEST.

Before you select a paint, be sure you choose one that will give you the utmost BEAUTY and DURABILITY.

Our staff of workmen will do your job under EXPERIENCED FOREIGN SUPERVISION.

We carry a large stock on hand, and your work will be done direct by us—NO SUB-CONTRACTS.

Consult us regarding your requirements.

FEARON, DANIEL & CO., INC.,

PAINT CONTRACTING DEPARTMENT,

18 B Kiangse Road.

Telephone 108.

THE KAILAN MINING ADMINISTRATION

KAIPING Coal Coke

For all Industrial and Household Purposes

Offices: No. 1 Jinkee Road, Shanghai
and Ramsay & Co., Hankow.

APPLES!

NEWTOWN PIPPINS

Finest Quality

\$9.00 per case

(about 44 lbs.)

Boyes, Bassett & Co.,

35 Nanking Road.

Telephone 1922.

ROBINSON'S for PIANOS

Large shipment just arrived.

by all the best and well known makers.

BROADWOOD
COLLARD
Challen
Baldwin

BRINSMEAD
CHAPPELL
Crowley
Strohmenger

The AUTOPIANO, the best and most up-to-date player-piano in the world.

HOME STORE PRICES

(owing to the exceptional exchange)

Cash or very easy monthly payments that you will not miss.

SOLE AGENTS:

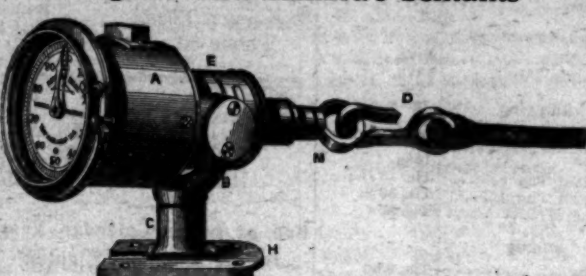
THE ROBINSON PIANO CO., LTD.

Hirsbrunner & Co.
1 NANKING ROAD.
Agents for
ADMIRALTY CHARTS

Prismatic binoculars
Negretti and Zambra Telescopes

Marine Chronometers, Deck watches, Lever
Engine Room clocks, Lever Saloon Clocks, Lever
Chart Room Clocks

Barometers, Thermometers, Hygrometers,
Negretti and Zambra's Sextants



Walker's 'Cherub' Ship Logs
Taffrail Bliss Logs
Lord Kelvin's Standard Compasses
Everything pertaining to navigation. Send for Catalogue.

Ferro-Prussiate Paper
Tracing Linen
Drawing Paper

THE EASTERN TRADING CO., LTD.
13 Kiukiang Road, Shanghai
Tel. 841


GAS RADIATORS
FOR
Bathrooms,
Halls,
Landings.

Dining Rooms,
Drawing Rooms,
Offices.

HIRE: 50 cents per month.
Small charge for removal

SHANGHAI GAS CO.
Showroom, 29 Nanking Road
Offices, 5 Thibet Road.

The Joys and Glooms of Life □ By T. E. Powers



LITTLE ROMANCES
T. E. POWERS

Lloyd George Sees Hope In America
(Continued from Page 6)

When England invaded the Transvaal, Lloyd George began a battle for peace that made him for the first time a force in imperial affairs. He believed himself to be the anointed

INTERNATIONAL CLEANING AND DYEING WORKS
F. 126 Bubbling Well Rd
have opened a new receiving office at 6A Broadway
(Scotch Bakery)

foe of the war, and he dedicated himself and all his powers to stem what seemed to be a hopeless tide. It was a courageous thing to do, for he not only risked his reputation, but his career. Up and down the empire he pleaded. He was in some respects the brilliant Bryan of the period, but with the difference that he was crucifying himself and not his cause upon the cross of peace. He became the target of bitter attack; no epithet was too vile to hurl upon him. Often he carried his life in his hands, as the episode of the Birmingham riot shows. In all his storm-tossed life nothing approached this in daring or danger.

"Lloyd George was invited to speak in the citadel of imperialism, which was likewise the home of Joseph Chamberlain, arch-foe of the Boer War. Save for the staunchest Liberals, the whole town rose in protest. For weeks the local press seethed and raged, denouncing Lloyd George as 'arch-traitor' and

'self-confessed enemy.' He was warned that he would imperil his life if he even showed himself. He went back this word:

"I am announced to speak, and speak I will."

"He reached Birmingham ahead of schedule time and got to the home of his host in safety. All day long sandwich-men paraded the high-ways bearing placards calling upon the citizenry to assemble at the town hall where Lloyd George was to speak—to defend the King, the Government, and Mr. Chamberlain."

Mobs in the Streets

"Night came; the streets were howling mobs, every constable was on duty. The hall was stormed, and when Lloyd George appeared on the platform he faced turmoil. Hundreds of men carried sticks, clubs, and bricks covered with rags and fastened to barbed wire. When he rose to speak bedlam let loose. Jeers, catcalls, and frightful abuse rained on him, and with them rocks and vegetables. He removed his overcoat and stood calm and smiling. When he raised his voice, however, the grand assault was made. Only

a double cordon of constables massed around the stage kept him from being overwhelmed. In the free-for-all fight that followed one man was killed and many were injured.

"Anything like a speech was hopeless; the main task was to save the speaker, for outside in the streets a bloodthirsty rabble waited for its prey. Lloyd George started to face them single-handed, and it was only when he was told that such procedure would not only foolishly endanger his life but endanger also the lives of his party, which included several women, that he consented to escape through a side door, wearing a policeman's helmet and coat. Fourteen years later Lloyd George returned to Birmingham acclaimed as a savior of empire. Such have been the contrasts in this career of careers!"

Mr. Marcosson gives his analysis of the personality of Lloyd George as follows:

"Reducing the wizard Welshman to a formula, you find that he is 50 per cent Roosevelt in the virility and forcefulness of his character;

15 per cent Bryan in the purely demagogic phase of his make-up, while the rest is canny Celt opportunism. It makes a dazzling and well-nigh irresistible composite.

"It is with Roosevelt that the best and happiest comparison can be made. Indeed, I know of no more convincing interpretation of the thing that is Lloyd George than to point this live parallel. For Lloyd George is the British Roosevelt—the Imperial Rough Rider. Instead of using the Big Stick, he employs the Big Voice. No two leaders ever had so much in common. Each is more of an institution than a mere man; each dramatizes himself in everything he does; each has a genius for the benevolent assimilation of ideas and fact. Trust Lloyd George to know all about the man who comes to see him, whether he be statesman, author, explorer, or plain captain of industry. It is one of the reasons why he maintains his amazing political hold.

A Great Advertiser

"Lloyd George has Roosevelt's striking gift of phrase-making, although he does not share the American's love of letter writing. As I have already intimated, whatever may be his future, Lloyd George will never be confronted by accusing epistle. None exists. Like Roosevelt, Lloyd George is past master in the art of effective publicity. He has a monopoly on the British front page. Each of these remarkable men projects the fire and magnetism of his dynamic personality. Curiously enough, each one has been the terror of the corporate evildoer—the conspicuous target of big business in his respective country. Each one is a dictator in the making, and it is safe to assume that if Lloyd George lived in a republic, like Roosevelt he would say: 'My army,' 'my navy,' and 'my policies.'

"Roosevelt, however, has one distinct advantage over his British colleague in that he is a deeper student and has a wider learning. In one God-given gift Lloyd George surpasses not only Roosevelt, but every other man I have ever met. It is an inspired oratory that is at once the wonder and the admiration of all who hear it. He is in many respects the greatest speaker of his day—the one man of his race whose utterance immediately becomes world property. The stage lost a great star when the Welsh David went into politics. There are those who say that he acts all the time, but that is a matter of opinion dictated by partisan or self interest.

"Lloyd George is what we in America, and especially those of us born in the South, call the 'silver-tongued.' His whole style of delivery is emotional, and greatly resembles the technique of the Breckinridge-Watterson school. In his voice is the soft, melodious lilt of the Welsh, which greatly adds to the attractiveness of his speech."

Mr. Marcosson says that he found Lloyd George keenly eager to know Abraham Lincoln's views on conscription and the voting of soldiers during the civil war.

Both Surprised
(From the Boston Transcript)

Mr. Goodleigh—I was surprised to see you in a helplessly intoxicated condition last evening.

Tipples—I was surprised myself; I thought I could stand a lot more.

Briefly Told
(From the Utica Observer)

Rumania waited too long, didn't start in right and wasn't ready anyway.

USE

Del Monte
CANNED FRUITS AND VEGETABLES
PACKED WHERE THEY RIPEN—THE DAY THEY'RE PICKED

FOR SALE BY ALL FIRST-CLASS DEALERS.

Connell Bros. Company,
AGENTS.



A Victrola for the dance season!

When the Victrola plays your dance music every selection is a gem—every dance a joy. And any time is dance time with a Victrola in your home.

The Victrola is a perfect "orchestra" for skilled dancers—a perfect "teacher" for beginners.

Add joy to the nights to come—ask us about getting a Victrola, \$15 to \$400. Easiest of terms.

VICTOR AGENTS
S. Montre & Co., Ltd.





WILKINSON'S

being nature's own : our is
the most popular for faint

Wilkinson's Fadeless Green
keeps green even
under tropical suns

Samples and Stocks
from **Wilkinson, Heywood & Clark, Ltd.**
Varnish Paint & Colour Manufacturers
(Since 1747)
Branch House,
2a, Kiukiang Road,
Shanghai.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL NEWS

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL NEWS

Kung Yik Spinning and Weaving Co., Ltd.

The seventh ordinary meeting of shareholders in the above company was held yesterday at the offices of the general managers, Messrs. Jardine, Matheson and Co., Ltd. There were present: Mr. J. Johnstone (presiding), Messrs. C. W. Wrightson and Chai Lai-fong (members of the consulting committee), Mr. A. Brooke-Smith (secretary), Messrs. G. P. Forster, R. S. Piercy, H. J. Clark, E. B. Clarke, S. Hammond, C. G. M. Bernard and J. P. Lowe.

The chairman said:—Following the usual practice, I will, with your permission, take the report and accounts, which have been in your hands for some days, as read. At our last annual meeting, I remarked that your general managers viewed the outlook for the future with concern and, from the report, it will be seen that they had cause to be anxious.

We have passed through the worst twelve months in the history of the company, our profit being Tls. 95,616.01, which, with the amount of Tls. 5,108.66 brought forward from last year, leaves a balance at credit of profit and loss account of Tls. 100,724.67. It is proposed to increase this sum to Tls. 120,724.67 by the transfer of Tls. 20,000 from equalisation of dividend fund and pay a dividend of 90 candareens per share, which I trust will have your approval.

Provision for depreciation is the same as last year, and calls for no special comment beyond the remark that everything is being written

Exchange and Bullion

Shanghai, January 30, 1917.

Money and Bullion

Gold Dollar Bank's buying rate @ 85½ = Tls. 1.16 @ 72 = \$1.61

Mex. Dollars. Market rate. 71.625

Shanghai Gold Bars: 978 touch. —

Bar Silver —

Copper Cash — 1895

Sovereigns:

Buying rate, @ 3/6½ = Tls. 5.61

Exch. @ 72 = Mex. \$ 7.79

Peking Bar — Tls. 292

Native Interest —

Latest London Quotations

Bar Silver — 37½ d.

Bank rate of discount — 5½ %

Market rate of discount:—

3 m-a — %

4 m-a — %

6 m-a — %

Exchange on Shanghai, 60 d-s.

Ex. Paris on London — Fr. 27.80

Ex. N. Y. on London T.T. \$ 47½

Consols — £ —

Exchange Closing Quotations

London — T.T. 3-6½

London — Demand 3-6½

India — (nominal) T.T. 258

Paris — (nominal) T.T. 395

Paris — Demand 495½

New York — Demand 84½

New York — Demand 84½

Hongkong — (nominal) T.T. 79

Japan — (nominal) T.T. 60½

Batavia — T.T. 206½

Bank's Buying Rates

London — 4 m-s. Cds. 3-8½

London — 4 m-s. Dcs. 3-8½

London — 6 m-s. Cds. 3-8½

London — 6 m-s. Dcs. 3-8½

Paris — 4 m-s. 511

New York — 4 m-s. 87½

CUSTOMS HOUSE RATE OF EXCHANGE FOR JANUARY

£1 = Hk. Tls. 5.21

Hk. Tls. 1 = France 5.33

" " 1 = Marks 14.36

Gold \$1 = Hk. Tls. 1.10

Hk. Tls. 1 = Yen 1.78

" " 1 = Rupees 2.88

" " 1 = Ruble 2.99

" " 1 = Mex. \$1.60

" " Noninal.

Stock Exchange Transactions

TODAY'S QUOTATIONS

Shanghai, January 30, 1917.

Official

Langkats Tls. 21.00

Shanghai Docks Tls. 20.50

Anglo-Javas Tls. 10.65

Consolidated Tls. 3.25

Dominions Tls. 12.25

Samarangas Tls. 1.07½

Tanah Merah Tls. 1.00

Anglo-Javas Tls. 10.60

Sharebrokers Association Transactions

BUSINESS DONE

Shanghai, January 30, 1917.

Official

Anglo-Javas Tls. 10.50 cash

Anglo-Javas Tls. 10.60 cash

Langkats Tls. 20.00 cash

"BICKERTON'S" PRIVATE HOTEL

Established 20 years.

102 Bubbling Well Road. Seven minutes from Bund by tram, which stop at the door. Strictly first-class cuisine under the personal supervision of the proprietress. 60 rooms, separate baths, with hot and cold water, electric light. Tel. W. 1271.

Chempedak Rubber and Gambier Est., Ltd.

Mr. W. S. Davidson presided at the seventh annual general meeting of the above company, yesterday, at the offices of Messrs. J. A. Wattie and Co. There were also present: Messrs. W. S. Jackson, C. W. Wrightson and G. M. Wheelock (directors) and shareholders representing 6,155 shares.

The chairman said:—The accounts are presented in the usual form and it has again been the endeavor of your directors to make the report as complete as possible.

The estimated crop of rubber was not realized, but you will agree, I think, that the explanation of the shortage, as set forth in the report, is sufficiently satisfactory. For the current year, the manager and visiting agent estimate the production at 115,000 lbs. and a good start has been made, since the output for the first two months averages over 12,000 lbs. per month.

The average number of trees tapped shows a slight reduction from the number for the previous year, owing to the sale of Sungai Paku block and to thinning-out, but the rates of yield per tree and per acre show very gratifying increases and would appear to justify the policy of thinning-out. The work of thinning-out is reported by the visiting agent to be fairly well up to date but there are still a good many trees to come out, which, however, will be removed gradually, as new areas come into bearing, so as not to cause any appreciable reduction of output.

Cost of production is three farthings a pound higher than the figure for the previous year, but this higher cost, as you will have seen from the figures given in the report, is due chiefly to the larger percentage of general expenditure charged to production. Although the area in bearing represents roughly 43 per cent only of the planted area, the percentage of general expenditure charged to revenue is 70 per cent, as against 50 per cent for the previous year.

This percentage may be regarded as unnecessarily high, but it is better to err on the safe side and the same percentages will again be used in the current year's accounts. The cost of weeding, roughly 82½ cents per acre per month, is a trifle less than this work cost during the previous year and, as you will have learned from the report, the work may be said to be well in hand.

The difficulties in regard to labor which were met with during the year have been largely overcome by the introduction of Tamils, who numbered 120 at the end of December. It is to be hoped that they will give less trouble than the Chinese, who were too liable to bolt across the river into the adjoining state of Negri Sembilan, after learning how to tap.

I will now deal with the sale of the Sungai Paku block. This lot, about 45 acres in area and containing 6,025 trees, of which 2,755 were in tapping, was separated from the rest of the estate and was surrounded on all sides by other estates belonging for the most part to natives. Its position in relation to the rest of the estate rendered supervision of weeding and tapping difficult and costly, and its proximity to other rubber estates made it too difficult to guard effectually against theft.

Your directors gave the matter of the sale their very careful consideration and came to the conclusion that the best interests of the company would be served by effecting the sale and using the proceeds of same to open up suitable waste ground contiguous to the existing planted areas. As you will have

seen from the report, this policy has been carried out. We have sold the 45 acres referred to and have planted up about 190 acres.

I had hoped to receive particulars of the new survey before this meeting, but I learned yesterday that the survey could not be started until the 15th instant, due, no doubt, to what may now be regarded as almost a universal shortage of labor. All of the suitable land has now been brought under cultivation and aggregated approximately 845 acres, thus reducing the capital cost per acre to less than 130.

Turning now to the accounts, you will have seen that the profit for the year was Tls. 49,250.59, as against Tls. 37,806 for the previous year; but, had the same rate of exchange been taken, the profit for the year under review would have been increased by about one-third. Development account is debited with Tls. 12,069.96, which represents the cost of upkeep of the immature area, includes 30 per cent of general expenditure and covers a good part of the cost of opening up and planting the 190 acres of new clearings.

Other capital expenditure is quite nominal and requires no special comment, I think.

Two interim dividends, each of Tls. 0.50 per share, were paid during the year and, after writing off practically the whole of the expenditure on new buildings, machinery, etc., transferring Tls. 6,755 to reserve and providing for directors' fees and a donation to war funds, your directors are able to recommend the payment of a final dividend of Tls. 0.50 per share, thus making Tls. 1.50 per share for the year.

If you approve the accounts and they are passed, as I hope they will be, the reserve fund, which, of course, is really a development reserve account, will then stand at Tls. 36,785.28, or, in other words, it will mean that development account will stand at Tls. 10,000.00. In regard to the recommendation to contribute Tls. 1,000 to war funds, I should like to say that, at the last annual meeting, a resolution was passed authorizing the directors at their discretion to make a contribution to British war funds.

Your directors, however, took the view that the time was premature for such a contribution, and none was made. Conditions have changed in the meantime and what was then only a possibility has become a reality and home companies are now paying a war profits tax. The sum recommended, I may say, represents a candareen, or approximately one-third of a penny per pound.

That is all I have to say, but, before formally proposing the adoption of the report and accounts, if there are any questions you would like to ask, I shall be pleased to answer them to the best of my ability.

No questions were asked, and the following resolutions were adopted: That the directors' report and statement of accounts, as presented, be passed.—Proposed by the chairman and seconded by Mr. Jackson. That a final dividend of Tls. 0.50 per share be paid.—Proposed by the chairman and seconded by Mr. Wheelock.

That Mr. G. M. Wheelock be re-elected a director of the company.—Proposed by the chairman and seconded by Mr. Wrightson.

That the directors' fees be fixed at Tls. 2,000 per annum.—Proposed by Mr. F. W. Potter and seconded by Mr. J. C. Dyer.

That Messrs. Lowe, Bingham and Matthews be re-elected auditors to the company in Shanghai and Malacca, for the ensuing year, at a fee of Tls. 400.—Proposed by the chairman and seconded by Mr. Wheelock.

ASTOR HOUSE HOTEL, TIENTSIN.

Cable Address: ASTOR.

The leading Hotel in Tientsin. Delightfully situated, facing Victoria Park, and located in the Centre of the Town's Life and Business.

Spacious and Luxurious Dining and Reception Rooms. Comfortable Bedrooms with Bath; Double, Single or En Suite.

First-Class Cuisine and Selected Cellar, under Foreign Supervision.

Central Heating, Electric Light, Modern Sanitary Arrangements.

Hotel Motor-Omnibus and Porters meet all Trains and Boats.

THE MANAGEMENT.

COMMERCIAL NOTES

Steps to encourage deep-sea fishing are being taken by the Okayama Prefecture, says the Osaka Mainichi. The poor condition of the fishermen along the Inland Sea has moved the prefecture to grant a subsidy for deep-sea fishery in the waters of Chosen, Kwantung and Saghalien. In 1916, there were 1,700 persons taking advantage of this and an annual catch, valued at 210,000 yen was realized. The inhabitants of one small town numbering only about 500 houses, alone made 160,000 yen.

This successful start has encouraged the prefecture to expand its plans on broader and more scientific lines. The prefectural authorities are making researches of the Chosen shore line through the Prefecture's Marine Products Association. Beyond this, the work will be carried on along the surrounding waters extending to China and the South Seas. The results will be made public in printed pamphlets. Experts will be engaged to get better results. Therefore, the Prefecture has in view not only the development of deep-sea fishing alone but the development of every line of marine-products industry possible.

The freight rates between Shanghai and North America, which have already been raised once and lowered again within the last few months, have been raised a second time by agreement among practically all companies by the Dollar Line. The new advance covers every line of goods, but the chief raise has been made in the rates on tea, peanuts and staple goods. An advance of from 20 to 50 per cent has been made.

This climb has made a big difference between the rates of the Shanghai North American and Japan-North American routes. For example, the rates from Japan to North America are \$7.50-\$9 on staple goods and \$6.50-\$6.60 on tea while the rates from Shanghai are \$15. If proportionate advances are to be made on the Japan route the rates from Japan to America must be somewhere above \$10, for the rate from Shanghai to Japan is about 4.50. This being the case, it is expected that a movement will be made for advances by Japanese shipowners in the near future.

The Katsuda Firm of Kobe recently received word from the American Government that a tax will be levied on their profits in accordance with the law passed on October 3, 1912, and to September 8, 1916, relating to the business profits of foreign firms in the United States. This firm has chartered its boats for commercial purposes to firms doing business in Puget Sound and the Columbia River for the last three years with large profits. The American authorities deem this a branch of a foreign firm doing business in the United States, and in accordance with the law. They have asked the Japanese firm to make a full report.

This firm are consulting the Department of Foreign Affairs. It is strange that this firm alone has received such an order when the Uchida and Yamashita firms, which are engaged in the same business in the United States, have received no such notification. Moreover, it is a problem to be carefully considered if the United States means to levy a tax on the incomes of Japanese shipowners, for this is a double tax to collect on the Japanese shipowners' profits and binding the Japanese within the limits of a foreign nation's law. The question has raised a problem among shipping firms and there are many different opinions.

The British Government has sent an inquiry to the Foreign Office, in view of the difficulties raised by the ban on the export of wool regarding the requirements, consumptions, descriptions and the present stock of wool in Japan. This is supposed to be a preliminary step toward the preparation of a definite reply to Japan. The Department of Agriculture and Commerce asked wool merchants and manufacturers to attend a meeting on Friday in order to reply to the British inquiry. A decision was reached which will be sent within a day or two. It is expected that a way will be found by which wool may be imported.

When You Want

TO INVEST YOUR MONEY ON FIRST-CLASS SECURITY

See The

CHINA INVESTMENT CO., 13 Nanking Road.

'PHONE 4757

BENJAMIN AND POTTS SHARE LIST

Yesterday's Prices

STOCK	Quotations Closing
Banks	
H. K. and S. B.	\$660 S.
Chartered.	\$59 10s.
Russo-Asiatic.	R. 250.
Cathay, ordy.	Tls. 5 B.
Cathay, pref.	Tls. 5
Marine Insurances	
Canton.	Tls. 377½ B.
North China.	Tls. 153½
Union of Canton.	\$945.
Yantai.	\$257½
Fire Insurances	
China Fire.	\$155
Hongkong Fire.	\$375
Shipping	
Indo-China Pref.	Tls. 128
Indo-China Def.	108s.
Shanghai Tug (O).	Tls. 18 B.
Shanghai Tug (F).	Tls. 50 S.
Koobien.	Tls. 35
Mining	
Kalping.	Tls. 9.80
Oriental Cons.	30s. 6d.
Philippines.	Tls. 1.
Raub.	\$2.40
Docks	
Hongkong Dock.	\$127 S.
Shanghai Dock.	Tls. 87 S.
New Eng. Works.	Tls. 12½
Wharves	
Shanghai Wharf.	Tls. 82
Hongkong Wharf.	Tls. 86 B.
Lands and Hotels	
Anglo-French Land.	Tls. 87
China Land.	Tls. 96
Shanghai Land.	Tls. 3.
Wellington Land.	\$8½ B.
Central Street.	Tls. 50.
China Realty (ord.).	Tls. 50.
China Realty (pref.).	Tls. 50.
Cotton Mills	
S. W.	Tls. 158½
S. W. Pref.	Tls. 105
International.	Tls. 72
Consolidated.	Tls. 68
Leau-kung-mow.	Tls. 80
Oriental.	Tls. 44
Shanghai Cotton.	Tls. 118 B.
Kang Tik.	Tls. 15
Yangtsepo.	Tls. 6½
Yangtsepo Pref.	Tls. 101
Industrials	
Sutler Tls.	Tls. 23
China Sugar.	\$128 B.
Green Island.	\$11.70 B.
Langkats.	Tls. 20½ S.
Major Bros.	Tls. 5
Shanghai Sumatra.	Tls. 165
Stores	
Sail and Holts.	\$15½ B.
Jewelry.	000
Lana, Crawford.	\$91 B.
Moutrie.	000
Watson.	\$9½ B.
Weeks.	\$10 S.
Rubbers (Local)	
Alma.	Tls. 12 B.
Amberst.	Tls. 4½
Anglo-Java.	Tls. 10.65 S.
Anglo-Dutch.	Tls. 3½ B.
Ayer Tawah.	Tls. 20
Batu Anam 1913.	Tls. 1.00
Sukit Toh Alang.	Tls. 3.10
Sute.	Tls. 1.70
Chemor United.	Tls. 1.00 B.
Chempedak.	Tls. 16
Cheng.	Tls. 2.90 B.
Consolidated.	Tls. 3½ S.
Dominion.	Tls. 12½ S.
Java Kalumpung.	Tls. 7½
Java Consolidated.	Tls. 20 B.
Kamunting.	Tls. 7
Kapala.	Tls. 1.10
Kapayang.	Tls. 26 B.
Karas.	Tls. 16
Sole Bahrose.	Tls. 20 B.
Kroewok Java.	Tls. 20½
Padang.	Tls. 16.20
Pengkalan Durian.	Tls. 10
Permatas.	Tls. 4.85
Repah.	Tls. 1.60
Samarangas.	Tls. 1.07½ B.
Seckee.	Tls. 1.60 B.
Senawang.	Tls. 15 B.
Shanghai Kiebang.	Tls. 1.30
Shanghai Malay.	Tls. 7 B.
Shai Malay-Pref.	Tls. 13
Shanghai Pahang.	Tls. 1.60 B.
Sungai.	Tls. 1½ B.
Sungai Duri.	Tls. 11½
Sun Manggis.	Tls. 6½ B.
Shai Kalantan.	Tls. 1.30
Shanghai Seremban.	Tls. 0.90 B.
Kalping.	Tls. 2½
Fanah Merah.	Tls. 1 S.
Febong.	Tls. 22½
Jobit.	Tls. 2 B.
Klang.	Tls. 6 B.
Miscellaneous	
J. I. and E. Lumber.	Tls. 110
Jully Dairy.	Tls. 10 S.
Shai Elec. and Ash.	9
Shanghai Trams.	Tls. 81 S.
Shanghai Gas.	Tls. 22 B.
Horse Bazaar.	Tls. 80
Shanghai Mercury.	Tls. 80
Shai Telephone.	Tls. 87
Shai Waterworks.	Tls. 265

A. Sellers. B. Sales. B. Buyers

Benjamin & Potts, 8 Jinkee Road.

Telephone No. 398.

LANGKAT DAILY OUTPUT

The following telegraphic information has been received by the general agent from the Sumatra director and manager of the Meatschappij tot Mijnbouw en Landbouwplooiatie in Langkat: "The output of crude oil for January 29 was 105 tons."

Raven Trust Co., Ltd.

SHANGHAI

INVESTMENT SECURITIES

If you wish to invest any amount from Tls. 15 up, our service will assist you.

F. J. RAVEN,
General Manager.

38 Kiangse Road.
'Phone 60.

PREDICT A HEAVY DEMAND FOR FUNDS

End of Lunar Calendar Year.
On the 22nd, May Lighten
Money Market

After the payment for the British Exchequer Bonds in Japan the money market has again become the call rate being quoted at 1.4 sen and the discount rate between 1.5 and 1.6 sen. However, as the end of the lunar calendar year falls on the 22nd, and as the Yokohama Specie Bank is to collect the British Bonds money from the syndicate banks on that date, it is expected that the money market will be tightened in a few days. As to the effect of the lunar year and upon the money market different views are held by the banks. Generally it is believed that there will be a big demand for funds in the country. The demand is usually stronger in the Kansai, or western provinces, with Osaka as their center, where people are conservative in matters of commercial customs. Therefore, there will be a strong demand for funds as the business in these provinces was active during the past year and considerable accounts are to be settled this time. It is reported that big sums of money have been sent there from Tokyo for the last few days, and more is to be remitted.

With settlement for the lunar end over will come the demand for the settlement at the end of the present month. The demand for money at the end of the month is also expected to be strong as various taxes will be due at that time. Moreover, no small sum will be required for the settlement for the stock exchange business. The stock business this month has been in a depressed condition and the bulk of trade would have been comparatively small but for the fact that the bargains for last December were deferred to this month. The trade of various lines was not very busy this month, and consequently the demand for funds for commercial settlements will be comparatively small. However, this tendency will be upset by the fact that the industrial companies, which have earned increased profits during the half-yearly term just past, are to pay increased dividends and bonuses. For the above reasons, the demand for the settlement at the end of this month is expected to be very strong.

As to the holding of cash by the banks, they have secured a great amount of idle money in the first half of the month as the money advanced at the end of last month was returned in the New Year, although a great portion of it was again withdrawn for the payment for the British Exchequer Bonds on the 15th and the city banks have now smaller amounts than at the beginning of the month. The banks may try to gather as much cash as possible to meet the demand for the month end requirement, but to meet the demand fully, they must rely on the Bank of Japan for the fresh supply of notes.

This process will now be quite easy. Because of the extent to which the payment was made for the British Exchequer Bonds, the securities to be deposited with the Bank of Japan have been increased. The Bank of Japan will freely meet with the demand for loans against the securities thus newly created. This is the factor that will neutralise the hardening of money market at the end of the month.

Under the above circumstances the city rate toward the end of the month will approach to the Bank of Japan's rate and will probably range above 1.6 sen. This hardening will be of a temporary nature and there will be relaxation at the beginning of February.

As to the effect of the money situation upon the stock exchange market, it is quite natural to think that the real recovery of activity in the stock market will be quite slow as long as the money is dear. Especially is this happening when the outlook of home politics is assuming a most threatening aspect. The events for a few days past indicate that either the dissolution of the Imperial Diet or the collapse of the present ministry is unavoidable and this is now considered as one of the reasons for the weak tone in the stock market.

GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

Future Sailings

FOR AMERICA AND CANADA

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Jan 31	4.00	New York via Panama	Topooka maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Feb 1	4.00	San Francisco	Persia maru	Jap.	A. T. Co.
6		San Francisco	China	Am.	C. M. S. S. Co.
7 P.M.		Vancouver B.C.	Monteagle	Jap.	N. Y. K.
12 noon		Seattle, Victoria etc.	Awa maru	Jap.	A. T. Co.
13	4.00	San Francisco	Korea maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
15 P.M.		Vancouver B.C.	Empress of Asia	Jap.	N. Y. K.
15 6.30		Seattle, Victoria etc.	Yokohama maru	Jap.	A. T. Co.
Mar 1		San Francisco	Yokohama	Am.	F. M. S. S. Co.
4		San Francisco	Tenyo maru	Jap.	A. T. Co.
8		San Francisco			

FOR JAPAN PORTS

Feb 1	6.00	Kobe & Osaka	Chikuzen maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
2	5.00	Nagasaki	Persia maru	Jap.	A. T. Co.
4		Kobe & Yokohama	Cordillere	Fr.	Cie M. M.
4 9.30		Nagasaki, Moji & Kobe	Yamashiro maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
6		Nagasaki, Kobe & Yokohama	China	Am.	C. M. S. S. Co.
6		Nagasaki, Kobe & Yokohama	Empress of Asia	Jap.	N. Y. K.
7		Moji, Kobe & Yokohama	Monteagle	Jap.	A. T. Co.
8		Kobe & Osaka	Kumano maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
10		Kobe & Yokohama	Iyo maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
10		Nagasaki, Moji & Kobe	Santo maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
12 noon		Yokohama, etc.	Awa maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
13		Nagasaki, Moji & Kobe	Yawata maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
13		Nagasaki, Kobe & Yokohama	Korea maru	Jap.	A. T. Co.
18		Nagasaki, Kobe & Yokohama	Empress of Asia	Jap.	C. P. O. S.

FOR EUROPE, INDIA, STRAITS, ETC.

Feb 3	7.00	Marseilles etc.	Portos	Fr.	Cie M. M.
11 noon		London etc.	Atsuta maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
23		Marseilles etc.	Cordillere	Fr.	Cie M. M.
25 noon		London etc.	Hitschi maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Mar 2		Genoa etc.	Utsunomiy	Jap.	Glen Line
4		London etc.	Iyo maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.

FOR SOUTHERN PORTS

Jan 31	D.L.	Swatow & Hongkong	Holbow	Br.	B. & S.
31	4.00	Ningpo	Hsin Peking	Br.	B. & S.
Feb 1	D.L.	Amoy, Hongkong & Canton	Shantung	Br.	B. & S.
2		Hongkong	Kiangtun	Br.	B. & S.
2		Swatow & Hongkong	Yokohama maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
4		Hongkong & Canton	Yamato	Br.	B. & S.
4		Hongkong & Canton	Yingchow	Br.	B. & S.
6		Hongkong & Canton	Chenan	Br.	B. & S.
8		Amoy, Hongkong & Canton	Sinkiang	Br.	B. & S.
13		Hongkong via Manila	Venezuela	Am.	P. A. S. S. Co.
27		Hongkong	Empress of Japan	Br.	C. P. O. S.

FOR NORTHERN PORTS

Jan 31	P.M.	Dalry	Isshin maru	Jap.	S. M. R.
31	P.M.	Tsingtao	Uno maru	Jap.	S. M. R.
31	2.00	Tsingtao	Shengking	Br.	B. & S.
Feb 2	7.00	Tsingtao and Dalry	Kobe maru	Jap.	S. M. R.
2		Chinwangtao direct	Shinfoo	Chi.	K. M. A.
2	P.M.	Tsingtao	Tencho maru	Jap.	S. M. R.
2	3.00	Vladivostok	Penza	Rus.	R. V. P.
2	D.L.	Chetoo	Human	Br.	B. & S.
2	D.L.	Dalry	Hanchow	Br.	B. & S.
3		Chinwangtao direct	Kwangtung	Jap.	K. M. A.
3		Tsingtao and Dalry	Koboku maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
6	11.00	Dalry	Osaki maru	Jap.	S. M. R.

FOR RIVER PORTS

Jan 31	M.N.	Hankow etc.	Nanyang maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
31	M.N.	do	Kiangkwan	Chi.	C. M. S. S. Co.
31	M.N.	do	Ngankin	Br.	B. & S.
31	M.N.	do	Ninghsao	Chi.	N. S. Co.
31	M.N.	do	Tachi maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Feb 1	D.L.	Wuhu	Ichang	Br.	B. & S.
1	M.N.	do	Taipei maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
1	M.N.	do	Luenho	Br.	M. & Co.
1	M.N.	do	Kianghsin	Chi.	C. M. S. S. Co.
2	M.N.	do	Tatung	Br.	B. & S.
2	M.N.	do	Suwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
2	M.N.	do	Fengyang maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
3	M.N.	do	Wuchang	Br.	B. & S.
3	D.L.	Wuhu	Kashing	Jap.	N. Y. K.
5	M.N.	Hankow etc.	Yohyang maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
5	M.N.	do	Kianghsin	Br.	J. M. & Co.
6	M.N.	do	Luoyi	Br.	B. & S.
7	M.N.	do	Poyang	Br.	B. & S.
9	M.N.	do	Tungting	Br.	B. & S.

*A.M. M.N.—Midnight. D.L.—Daylight.

Arrivals

Date	From	Ship's Name	Tons	Flag	Agents	Berth
Jan 30	Ningpo	Kiangtun	2012	Chi.	C. M. S. S. Co.	KLYW
Jan 30	Japan	Topooka maru	1778	Jap.	N. Y. K.	
Jan 30	Japan	Wakamatsu maru	2778	Jap.	M. E. K.	
Jan 30	Chinwangtao	Burumbet	1156	Br.	K. M. A.	KMAW
Jan 30	Tsingtao	Isshin maru	941	Jap.	S. M. R.	WSW
Jan 30	Hankow	Kianghsin	2104	Chi.	C. M. S. S. Co.	KLYW
Jan 30	Hankow	Nanyang maru	1719	Br.	B. & S.	NTW
Jan 30	Hankow	Tungting	2036	Br.	B. & S.	CNW
Jan 30	Hankow	Kiangkwan	2086	Chi.	C. M. S. S. Co.	KLYW
Jan 30	Hongkong	Kaiping	1315	Br.	B. & S.	CNW
Jan 30	Chefoo	Ichang	1228	Br.	B. & S.	WTW
Jan 30	Cruise	Cincunati	32.8	Am.		

Departures

Date	For	Ship's Name	Tons	Flag	Agents
Jan 30	Dalry	Sakaki maru	1346	Jap.	S. M. R.
30	Amoy & Swatow	Hsinfoo	1385	Chi.	C. M. S. S. Co.
30	Japan	Hakul maru	1484	Jap.	N. Y. K.
30	Hankow etc.	Loongwo	2386	Br.	J. M. & Co.
31	Hongkong & Canton	Sunling	1570	Br.	B. & S.
31	Foochow	Taishun	1612	Chi.	C. M. S. S. Co.
31	Hankow etc.	Whasaber	1746	Chi.	C. S. S. Co.
31	Hongkong	Awa maru	3696	Jap.	N. Y. K.
30	Milke	Tokel maru	1425	Jap.	M. E. K.
30	Dalry	Dalry maru	2798	Jap.	M. E. G. K.
30	Tsingtao	Nagasaki maru	1178	Jap.	M. E. K.
30	Chinwangtao	Kaiping	1315	Br.	K. M. A.
30	Wakamatsu	Shinon	1104	Br.	F. M. S. S. Co.
30	Ningpo	Kiangtun	2012	Chi.	C. M. S. S. Co.

Men-of-War In Port

Date	From	Name	Flag	Tons	Guns	Men	Commander
P & O	Nov. 20	Helena	Am. g-b.	1391	8	159	Brotherton
Nov. 8	Cruise	Monocacy	Am. g-b.	190	2	47	Carter
Dec. 16	Cruise	Wilmington	Am. g-b.	1392	8	159	Chadwick

The French gunboats D. de Lagree and Decidie, the Japanese gunboats Fushimi, Sumida and Toba, and the British gunboat Woodlark are not included in this list, being dismantled.

Vessels Loading

For River Ports

HANKOW and PORTS.—The Co's Str. Nanyang Maru, Captain S. Yasaki, will be despatched from the N.Y.K. Wharf on Wednesday, Jan. 31 at about 12 o'clock midnight. This steamer has extra spacious State-rooms (electric fans fitted). European food of the best cuisine is provided. The last steam launch will leave Canton Road Jetty at 11 p.m. For Freight and Passage apply to The Nishin Kisen Kaisha, No. 5 The Bund. Tel. No. 3256.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The Str. Kiangkwan, Capt. C. B. Conley, will leave on Wednesday night. For Freight or Passage apply to C. M. S. N. Co.

HANKOW and PARTS.—The Co's Str. Talee Maru, Captain T. Hojo, will be despatched from the Pootung N.K.K. Wharf on Thursday, Feb. 1 at about 12 o'clock midnight. This steamer has extra spacious State-rooms (electric fans fitted). European food of the best cuisine is provided. The last steam launch will leave Canton Road Jetty at 11 p.m. on the same day. For Freight and Passage apply to The Nishin Kisen Kaisha, No. 5 The Bund. Tel. No. 3256.

For Southern Ports

CHINWANGTAO direct, taking through cargo for TIENSIN.—The Kailan Mining Administration Chartered s.s. Shinfoo, February 2. For Freight or Passage apply to Agent, No. 1 Jinkee Road. Tel. No. 319.

CHINWANGTAO direct, taking through cargo for TIENSIN.—The Kailan Mining Administration s.s. Kwangping, February 3. For Freight or Passage, apply to Agent, No. 1 Jinkee Road. Tel. No. 319.

For Foreign Ports

SAN FRANCISCO via NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA and HONOLULU.—The s.s. Persia Maru, on Saturday, February 3. The tender conveying passengers and mails will leave the Customs Jetty at 4 p.m. For freight or passage apply to The American Trading Company.

For Japan

NAGASAKI, KOBE and YOKOHAMA.—The s.s. Persia Maru, on Saturday, February 3. The tender conveying passengers and mails will leave the Customs Jetty at 4 p.m. For freight or passage apply to The American Trading Company.

Shipping Items

The C.N. s.s. Yingchow left Hongkong for Shanghai on Sunday. The N.K.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Sunday. The I.C. s.s. Luenho left Hankow for Shanghai on Sunday. The C.N. s.s. Chenan left Hongkong for Shanghai yesterday. The K.M.A. s.s. Kwangping left Chinwangtao for Shanghai on Sunday. The C.N. s.s. Tatung left Hankow for Shanghai on Monday. The C.N. s.s. Wuchang left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday. The I.C. s.s. Kuwo will leave Hankow for Shanghai today. The N.K.K. s.s. Fengyang Maru left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday. The N.K.K. s.s. Yohyang Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai today. The I.C. s.s. Yussang left Hongkong for Swatow, Foochow and Shanghai yesterday. The C.N. s.s. Luoyi will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow. The I.C. s.s. Tuckwo will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow. The N.K.K. s.s. Tachang Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow. The H. O. s.s. Changon will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow. The C.N. s.s. Sinkiang will leave Hongkong for Shanghai tomorrow. The I.C. s.s. Wosang left Karatsu for Shanghai on Monday. The C.N. s.s. Fengtien from Tientsin, is expected to arrive here tomorrow. The C.N. s.s. Hangchow from Swatow is expected to arrive here tomorrow. The water mark at Hankow on the 26th instant was 1' 8", at Kiukiang on the following day was 2' 9" and at Wuhu on the 29th was 3' 7".

The raw silk from Shanghai which left here on December 16, per P.M. s.s. Venezuela, arrived in New York on January 16.

The K.M.A. s.s. Fukuchi Maru (chartered) left Chinwangtao for Shanghai on Monday.

The K.M.A. s.s. Kaga Maru (chartered) left Chinwangtao for Shanghai on Monday.

The T.K.K. s.s. Persia Maru for San Francisco, via Japan ports and Honolulu, is sailed from Hongkong yesterday, and may therefore be expected to arrive at Woonung at noon on Saturday, February 3. She will be despatched as above on the

C. N. C.

CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

YANGTZE RIVER & CHINA COAST PORTS. FAST SCHEDULE SERVICES.

For CHINKIANG, NANKING, WUHU, KIUKIANG and HANKOW.—S.S. Luoyi, Ngankin, Poyang, Tatung, Tungting and Wuchang.—Sailing from the French Bund at midnight. These steamers connect with the Company's regular lines on the Upper Yangtze and Huanan Lake.

*The s.s. Wuchang is especially fitted to handle heavy lifts. Regular sailings every Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday at midnight.

For HONGKONG and CANTON.—S.S. Anhui, Chenan, Yingchow, Sinkiang, Shantung and Sunning.—Sailing from the French Bund and connecting at Hongkong with the Company's steamers for Hoihow, Pakhoi, Haiphong, Manila, Cebu, Iloilo, Zamboanga and Australian ports. Sailing from the French Bund every Tuesday, Thursday and Sunday.

For TIENSIN and PEKING via WEIHAWEI and CHEFOO.—S.S. Tungchow, Fengtien, Shantung, and Shengking.—Sailing from the French Bund every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

For NINGPO.—S.S. Hsin Peking.—Sailing from the French Bund. Regular sailings every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 4 p.m.

The above steamers are installed with Electric Light throughout, with Steam Heaters in the State Rooms and Dining Saloon, and are otherwise completely fitted for the comfort and convenience of passengers.

For further particulars regarding passage money, etc., see "THE TAIKOO SHIPPING GAZETTE," obtainable from the undersigned, or from The International Sleeping Car Express Train Co., or from Messrs. THOMAS COOK & SON, Foochow Road.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE.

Freight: Telephone No. 77. Agents, 21-23 French Bund. Passage: Telephone No. 401.

PACIFIC MAIL S.S. CO.

U. S. MAIL LINE

Operating the new first-class steamers "Ecuador," "Venezuela" and "Colombia" 14,000 tons each TO SAN FRANCISCO VIA KOBE, YOKOHAMA AND HONOLULU.

THE SUNSHINE BELT

The most comfortable route to America and Europe

Sailing to Manila and Hongkong. To San Francisco

S.S. "Venezuela"	Feb. 13	Mar. 4
S.S. "Ecuador"	Mar. 12	Mar. 31
S.S. "Colombia"	Apr. 6	Apr. 25

These steamers have the most modern equipment, including overhead fans in all staterooms, which contain no upper berths. One and two-berth staterooms only.

The Safety and Comfort of Passengers our first consideration. Tickets interchangeable with the Toyo Kisen Kaisha and the Canadian Pacific Ocean Services, Ltd.

For further information re freight and passage, apply to the Agents:

ANDERSEN, MEYER & CO., LTD.
Tel. 778 Local No. 18 5 Yuen-Ming-Yuen Road

Swedish East Asiatic Co., Ltd.

Regular Steamship service between Sweden and China.

Shanghai Agents:
The Ekman Foreign Agencies, Ltd.

same day, and the tender conveying passengers on board will leave the Customs Jetty at 4 p.m. on the day of sailing.

The M.M. s.s. Porthos left Kobe for Shanghai on Monday, January 29, at 7 p.m., and may be expected to arrive at Wosung tomorrow, at or about 7 a.m. and the Shanghai (M.M. Co. Lower Boats) on the same morning at or about 8 a.m.

Passengers Arrived

Per I.C. s.s. Luongwo from Hankow:—Miss Corrie and Mr. Arndale. From Nanking:—Mr. and Mrs. Fuller and Miss Regan.

Per C.N. s.s. Ngankin from Hankow:—Dr. and Mrs. H. W. Irwin, Mr. H. Wakelan and Mr. H. Clive.

Per C.M. s.s. Kianghsin from Hankow:—Miss Herzberg and Mr. Gedelins.

Per T.K.K. s.s. Korea Maru from San Francisco:—Mr. and Mrs. D. K. Bruce, Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Crooks, Baron M. de Caters, Mr. and Mrs. D. D. L. McGrew, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Robinson, Miss A. Stevens, Mr. and Mrs. H. Sheppard, Mr. and Mrs. H. Van der Stegen.

Per C.N. s.s. Shengking from Dalry:—Miss Steward Lockhart.

Passengers Departed

Per C.M. s.s. Taishun for Pootung:—Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Black and Masters Robert, Jean and Mayery Black.

Per N.Y.K. s.s. Hakul Maru for Nagasaki:—Mr. S. Kato. For Kobe:—Mr. G. M. Yomy, Mr. and Mrs. Nishimura. For Yokohama:—Mr. K. Yamagishi.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

OCEAN SERVICES LIMITED

TRANS-PACIFIC LINES

QUICKEST TIME ACROSS THE PACIFIC

To Canada, United States and Europe via Vancouver

In connection with the Canadian Pacific Railway

Shanghai to Vancouver 14 days Shanghai to Montreal 19 days

Shanghai to Chicago 18 days Shanghai to New York 19½ days

EMPRESS OF RUSSIA AND EMPRESS OF ASIA

Largest and most luxurious ships on the Pacific. 30,625 tons, quadruple screws, speed 21 knots.

SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI (subject to change) SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI

1917	1917
MONTEAGLE	7 Feb. EMPRESS OF RUSSIA 12 May
EMPRESS OF ASIA	17 Feb. EMPRESS OF JAPAN 26 May
EMPRESS OF RUSSIA	17 Mar. EMPRESS OF ASIA 6 June
EMPRESS OF JAPAN	31 Mar. MONTEAGLE 27 June
EMPRESS OF ASIA	14 April EMPRESS OF RUSSIA 7 July
MONTEAGLE	15 April EMPRESS OF JAPAN 21 July

For further information, sailings, etc., please apply to

J. R. SHAW

L. E. N. RYAN,

General Agent, Passenger Dept.

Agent.

Corner of Peking and Yuen-Ming Yuen Roads,

Tel. 181 and 182

Shanghai.

T. K. K.

TOYO KISEN KAISHA.

Imperial Japanese and U.S. Mail Line.

To San Francisco from Shanghai by Semi-Tropical Route, via Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu

PROPOSED SAILINGS FOR SAN FRANCISCO

S.S. "PERSIA MARU"	9,000	"	Feb. 3	1917
" " "KOREA MARU"	18,000	"	Feb. 13	"
" " "SIBERIA MARU"	18,000	"	Mar. 1	"
" " "TENYO MARU"	22,000	"	" 9	"
" " "NIPPON MARU"	11,000	"	" 23	"
" " "SHINYO MARU"	22,000	"	April 5	"
" " "PERSIA MARU"	9,000	"	" 19	"
" " "KOREA MARU"	18,000	"	May 1	"
" " "SIBERIA MARU"	18,000	"	" 16	"
" " "TENYO MARU"	22,000	"	" 26	"
" " "NIPPON MARU"	11,000	"	June 8	"
" " "SHINYO MARU"	22,000	"	" 22	"

Business and Official Notices

War Loans Investment Trust of Malaya.

(Incorporated in the Federated Malay States)

CAPITAL \$6,000,000

In shares of \$10 each (Straits currency) full paid

THE Shares bear interest at the rate of 6% per annum which together with repayment of capital in full on liquidation is guaranteed by the Government of the Federated Malay States. Interest accrues from the 1st day of the month following the date on which subscriptions are received and will be paid half yearly on 1st January and on 1st July. Copies of the prospectus and forms of applications for shares can be obtained from and subscriptions will be received by, any of the following Banks.

The Chartered Bank of I. A. & China,
The Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation,
The Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd.

12883

NOTIFICATION

Architects' Plans for Post Office and Residences at Nanking

THE Chinese Postal Administration invites architects to submit sketch plans for a new District Head Office and three residences at Nanking. Particulars regarding the buildings required may be obtained on application to the Postal Commissioner, Nanking, to whom plans should be sent.

Plans are to be sealed, and to be labelled "Plans for Postal Buildings at Nanking," and should be forwarded by registered post, to reach their address on or before 1st March, 1917.

W. W. RITCHIE,
Postal Commissioner.
Chinese Post Office.
Nanking, 27th January, 1917.

12517

LYCEUM THEATRE

In Aid of the French War Orphans
On Saturday, February 3rd
and Monday, February 5th
at 9.30 p.m.

"LA NAVARRAISE"

Opera in 2 Acts, by Massenet
CASTE

La Navarraise Madame Thuc
Araquil Mr. Speciman
Garrido Mr. Clavier
Remigio Mr. Blom
Ramon Mr. Casella
Bustamente Mr. Gjerding
Chorus of Soldiers
Stage Manager Mr. Lemiere
Orchestra Conductor Mr. Alberti

"PIERROT'S DREAM"

Ballet, in one act

Book & Music by Mr. L. de Luca
Pierrot Mr. L. de Luca
Pierrette Miss E. Neucomb
The Moon Miss E. Neucomb
The Comet Miss Valentine
The Columbine Mrs. Baker, the
Misses Caristo and Harris
The Harlequins The Misses Lin-
naas, Trueman and Love
The stars Mrs. Mason, The
Misses Louisa, Ognelle,
Evans, Neucomb and Reel
Polichinelle Mr. Boesi

Orchestra Conductor, Prof. Manikis

Booking opens at Moutrie & Co.,
Friday, January 26th.

First Performance
Boxes will be sold privately.
Dress Circle and Stalls \$5. Pit \$3.
Gallery \$1.

Second Performance
Ordinary prices: Early doors Gallery
\$1.50.

12402

Notice of Removal

ARTS & CRAFTS, Ltd., beg to inform the public that they have removed their showrooms and offices to new and larger premises at No. 43 Bubbling Well Road (opposite the Race course) where larger stocks of new furnishing goods will be displayed. New telephone No. West. 455 and 456.

12477

BILL SMITH

"BRUT ROYAL"

CHAMPAGNE

IS

AS NICE A WINE

AS YOU

CAN SERVE TONIGHT

Ask Bill

Garner, Quelch & Co.

Wine Merchants

Clearance Sale

STARTLING REDUCTIONS
SIX DAYS ONLY

Thursday, February 1
Friday, " 2
Saturday, " 3
Sunday, " 4
Tuesday, " 6
Wednesday, " 7

STYLISH HATS

DAINTY BLOUSES

SUPERB
EVENING DRESSES

MAISON DE MODES

3a & 4a Broadway

12554

MUNICIPAL NOTIFICATION

No. 2420

IN accordance with Article XVIII of the Land Regulations, we, the undersigned scrutineers duly appointed by the Council, hereby declare that the following nine Ratepayers polled the greatest number of votes at the election held on January 29 and 30, and are therefore declared to have been duly elected as the Council for the year 1917:

E. C. Pearce	860
Baron Y. Fujimura	787
J. Johnstone	747
E. C. Richards	731
E. L. Ezra	692
Count L. Jezierski	690
W. L. Merriman	667
A. S. P. White-Cooper	650
E. White	550

Total number of votes 991 and 16 irregular votes.

CECIL HOLLIDAY, Scrutineers.

C. W. WRIGHTSON, By order,

N. O. LIDDELL, Assistant Secretary.

Council Room.

Shanghai, January 31, 1917.

The Spark is Aerated Water Factory, Ltd.

The Certificate for 44 shares Nos. 1/40 & 137/140 in this Company, standing in the name of Wong Park-sang (黃柏生) of Shanghai, has been lost, and if at the expiration of a fortnight from the date hereof the above document be not forthcoming, another Certificate for the said shares will be issued by the Company and thereafter no other will be acknowledged.

Shanghai, Jan. 17th, 1917.

The Eastern Syndicate,
General Managers.

HARDWARE METALS AND SUNDRIES

Zung Lee & Sons

(Est. 1895, W. Z. Zee & Sons)

SHANGHAI

KNAPP & BAXTER, INC.

IMPORTERS OF

AMERICAN PRODUCTS

6 Kiukiang Road, Shanghai, China

Phone: No. 1860

Chinese Dept. No. 1625

READY-MADE OVERCOATS

BUSINESS AND EVENING CLOTHES

Early Spring Styles in Sack Suits

THOM SHING

G19 Tiendong Road, Hongkew

When you think of

SZECHWAN PROVINCE,

Think of WIDLER & COMPANY,

CHUNGKING, WEST CHINA.

HOUSE TO LET

58 Sinza Road.

Apply to Wha Tung Co.,

39 Kiangse Road.

12552

The Best Shooting

near Shanghai is to be obtained at HANGCHOW.

Pay a visit to the NEW HOTEL; HANGCHOW

館新新湖西州杭

(WEST LAKE)

and we will send a man to show you the best shooting grounds. A good bag guaranteed.

Moderate rates for the week-end or longer periods.

IN THE UNITED STATES CONSULAR COURT

AT SHANGHAI, CHINA.

RE ESTATE OF HENRY AUGUST JAEGER, DECEASED

ADMINISTRATION

NOTICE

The undersigned having been duly appointed to act as the administrator of the above entitled estate, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against the said estate to present the same with proper vouchers to the said administrator within six months from the date of this notice; and that all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to forthwith make payment to the said administrator.

Dated, January 17, 1917,

M. L. HEEN, Administrator.

1 Soochow Road.

Shanghai, China.

12422

SECOND RUSSIAN 5% WAR LOAN, 1916.

Issued at 95%.

THE Russo-Asiatic Bank in China, Japan and Bombay accepts, up to the 13th of February, orders for the above War Loan on the same conditions as formerly.

12447

DR. G. DE PERINDORGE

has resumed his practice,

Union Building.

12515

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

SHANGHAI BRANCH.

Notice is hereby given that the Register of Shares of the Corporation, at this Branch, will be closed from the 12th to the 21st February, both days inclusive, during which period no transfer of shares can be effected.

By order of the Court of Directors,

A. STEPHEN,

Manager.

Shanghai, 18th January, 1917.

12439

The Country Club.

Thursday, Feb. 8, at 9.15 p.m.

Mr. Ayscough

will speak

"About the Land we Live in"

Illustrated by lantern slides prepared

by Mr. J. C. Carter,

in aid of the

War Dressings and Bandage Department,

British Women's Work Association.

Tickets, \$2.00 each, may be obtained from:

Mr. L. de Luca, The Palace Hotel;
Mrs. E. M. Gull, 17 The Bund; Mrs. Merriman, 154 Ferry Road; Mrs. Phillips, British Consulate-General; Mrs. Samson, The Astor House Hotel; Mr. A. P. Stokes, 36 Welhail Road; Mrs. Wrightson, 154 Bubbling Well Road; and from the Secretary and Members of the Country Club.

12516

Classified Advertisements

2 cents a Word
Minimum Charge 40 cents

All Advertisements must be Prepaid

Replies must be called for

EDUCATIONAL

A GENTLEMAN requires French lessons in exchange for Japanese. French lady preferred. Apply to Box 484, THE CHINA PRESS.

12540 F 1

EXPERIENCED TEACHERS are ready to give lessons in French, Latin, Italian, Russian, German, Turkish, Arabic and Japanese. Please apply to Box 450, THE CHINA PRESS.

12503 F 3

LESSONS, correspondence, and translations from English or German, into Russian. Apply to Box 446, THE CHINA PRESS.

12497 F 30

SITUATIONS WANTED

BUILDING overseer, expert in concrete work, open for engagement. A1 references. Apply to Box 486, THE CHINA PRESS.

12563 F 4

WANTED, work after office hours, by expert lady stenographer and typist. Apply to Box 481, THE CHINA PRESS.

12550 F 2

YOUNG LADY, aged 31, wants position as a general office assistant. Neat penmanship, good figures. Excellent references. Please apply to Box 480, THE CHINA PRESS.

12549 F 1

LADY steno-typist, with knowledge of German, French and English, is willing to take in work after office hours. Has her own typewriter. Apply to Box 483, THE CHINA PRESS.

12553 J 31

YOUNG MAN (neutral) seeks position as office assistant. Knowledge of shipping, Customs, import, exports, bookkeeping and typewriting. A1 references. Apply to Box 449, THE CHINA PRESS.

12502 F 3

YOUNG LADY, experienced, knowledge of stenography and typing, desires position. Excellent references. Apply to Box 448, THE CHINA PRESS.

12501 F 1

YOUNG Chinese seeks position after 5, as clerk or typist. Hard worker. Moderate pay accepted. Apply to Box 458, THE CHINA PRESS.

12521 F 4

BRITON (home-born) desires change. Good business man, with proofs of initiative energy, well-educated, experienced in general office routine. Excellent credentials, can furnish bond, if required. Salary \$250/300 to commence. Apply to Box 463, THE CHINA PRESS.

12524 J 31

WANTED, position as salesman or clerk by a foreigner, speaking fluently several languages. Solid references and long experience. Please apply to Box 451, THE CHINA PRESS.

12504 F 3

DANCING

INSTRUCTION given in all up-to-date ball-room dancing. Apply to Box 377, THE CHINA PRESS.

12230

Russian Lady Dentist

20 Nanking Road

Miss Gauhanman begs to announce the opening of her most up-to-date dental parlor, at 20 Nanking Road, where she will undertake all kinds of dental work. Reasonable terms and satisfaction guaranteed.

Time: 9 to 12—2 to 6.

12381

Business and Official Notices are Continued on Page 11

APARTMENTS

WINDSOR HOUSE

14-15 Quinsan Gardens

Front room, with bathroom and verandah attached, to let.
Tel. 3482

Nos. 8 & 11 Quinsan Gardens

In No. 11, large sitting-room, Bedroom and Bathroom attached, facing Park, to be let from the 1st Jan. Suitable for a married couple.
Phone 1946.

10070

MELBOURNE House. To let, well-furnished front room, with small room, bathroom attached. Suitable married couples or bachelors; with board. Moderate. 12a Quinsan Gardens.

12527 F 4

WESTERN DISTRICT. To let at 61 Carter Road, superior and comfortably-furnished bed-sitting-room, facing south, overlooking tennis lawn; large verandah, bathroom attached, telephone, train station. Excellent table. Terms moderate.

12527 F 4

TO LET, two very large rooms, bathroom and verandah attached. Apply to 45 Bubbling Well Road.

12440 F 4

OFFICES, ETC., TO LET

STORES TO LET: a large modern stores in most prominent position in Shanghai, large plate glass windows, back entrances with yards and godowns, for occupation from 1st February. Low rental. Apply to Box 443, THE CHINA PRESS.

12490 F 1

HOUSES WANTED

WANTED to lease, a house, rent about Tls. 70 per month, near the Range Road or Hongkew Park. Nippon Yusen Kaisha.

12509 F 2

SITUATION VACANT

WANTED at once, comprador, with about Tls. 3,000 cash. Chinese or neutral partner. Please apply to Box 470, THE CHINA PRESS.

12535 J 31

WANTED: An energetic office man, Eurasian preferred, one experienced in calculating import and export prices and who can keep double-entry set of books. Applicants must state age, experience, nationality and salary expected. Apply to Box 478, THE CHINA PRESS.

12545 F 1

Exchange and Mart

WANTED, bicycle for boy, age 11; bicycle for girl, age 12. State make, model and price asked. Apply to Box 475, THE CHINA PRESS.

12542

FOR SALE: 6½ mows in French Concession, on Rue Ratard. Apply to Box 477, THE CHINA PRESS.

12543 F 4

FOR SALE: Two Maltese terrier puppies, pure white, house-broken, both males. The only breed in Shanghai. Apply 21 Broadway.

12512 F 1

FOR SALE. Bachelors' mess, small foreign house, Wayside, good locality. Apply to Box 479, THE CHINA PRESS.

12537 F 4

HOUSES TO LET

FOR RENT: Eight-roomed house, 84 Yangtsepo Road. For further particulars apply to C. L. Bromley, Shanghai Baptist College.

12542 F 2

TO LET, furnished or unfurnished, from February 16th, 1917, No. 51 Rue Pere Robert, 5 rooms and attics, 2 tiled baths, flush closets, detached, with large garden, corner house. Apply to China Realty Co., Ltd.

12442 T. F.

TO LET: No. 105 Avenue du Roi Albert, modern house, 3 bedrooms, 2 bathrooms, flush closets, tennis court, occupancy March 1st, 1917. Tls. 125.00 per month. China Realty Co., Ltd.

12247 T. F.

18 RUE CORNEILLE, near French Park, 5 large rooms, hot water services, perfect bathrooms and kitchen, large verandah, garden and tennis, to let, Tls. 125. Raven Trust Co., Ltd., 38 Kiangse Road. Tel. 60.

12349 T. F.

TO LET, No. 448 Avenue Joffre, 9-roomed house, situated North-West corner of Avenue Joffre and Route des Soeurs. Apply to China Realty Co., Ltd.

12248 T. F.

APARTMENTS WANTED

WANTED, board and lodging by German lady. Replies to Box 482, THE CHINA PRESS.

12553 J 31

WANTED, a small fully-furnished flat, preferably in Northern or Eastern district. Apply to Box 454, THE CHINA PRESS.

12510 J 31

GODOWN WANTED

GODOWNS WANTED, first-class, with complete floors. State full particulars to Box 485, THE CHINA PRESS.

12561 F 2

MISCELLANEOUS

GERMAN police dog found 29th, Rue Ratard, Route des Soeurs. Apply 537a Avenue Joffre.

12551 F 2

TRANSLATIONS